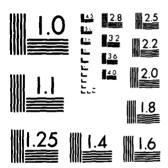
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QUINNIPIAC RIVER BASIN MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT BRADLEY HUBBARD RESERVOIR DAM CT 00132

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS, 02154

SEPTEMBER, 1980

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Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam		INSPECTION REPORT
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9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
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17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Black 20, if different from Report)

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Cover program reads: Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Inspection Program; however, the official title of the program is: National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams; use cover date for date of report.

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on toverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY,

Quinnipiac River Basin

Meriden, Conn.

Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

The project has a total length of 545 ft. consisting of 340 ft. masonry core with Earth fill on the upstream and downstream sides, a 115 ft. long earth embankment at the right end of the dam, and section of concrete corewall at each end. It is classified as a high hazard, small size dam. The test flood range is from one-half to full Probable Maximum Flood.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02254

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF: NEDED-E

JAN 07 1981

Honorable William A. O'Neill Governor of the State of Connecticut State Capitol Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Dear Governor O'Neill:

Inclosed is a copy of the Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam (CT-00132) Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. The report is based upon a visual inspection, a review of past performance, and a preliminary hydrological analysis. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report.

The preliminary hydrologic analysis has indicated that the spillway capacity for the Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam would likely be exceeded by floods greater than 17 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF), the test flood for spillway adequacy. Our screening criteria specifies that a dam of this class which does not have sufficient spillway capacity to discharge fifty percent of the PMF, should be adjudged as having a seriously inadequate spillway and the dam assessed as unsafe, non-emergency, until more detailed studies prove otherwise or corrective measures are completed.

The term "unsafe" applied to a dam because of an inadequate spillway does not indicate the same degree of emergency as that term would if applied because of structural deficiency. It does indicate, however, that a severe storm may cause overtopping and possible failure of the dam, with significant damage and potential loss of life downstream.

It is recommended that within twelve months from the date of this report the owner of the dam engage the services of a professional or consulting engineer to determine by more sophisticated methods and procedures the magnitude of the spillway deficiency. Based on this determination, appropriate remedial mitigating measures should be designed and completed within 24 months of this date of notification. In the interim a detailed emergency operation plan and warning system should be promptly developed. During periods of unusually heavy precipitation, round-the-clock surveillance should be provided.

NEDED-E Honorable William A. O'Neill

I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7, with qualifications as noted above. I request that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement these recommendations since this follow-up is an important part of the non-Federal Dam Inspection Program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Protection, the cooperating agency for the State of Connecticut. This report has also been furnished to the owner of the project, City of Meriden, Dept. of Public Works, Meriden, CT.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request to this office, under the Freedom of Information Act, thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Protection for the cooperation extended in carrying out this program.

Sincerely,

WILLIAM E. HODGSON, JR.
Cologel, Corps of Engineers
Acting Division Engineer

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QUINNIPIAC RIVER BASIN MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT BRADLEY HUBBARD RESERVOIR DAM CT 00132

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

SEPTEMBER, 1980

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF DAMS

Name of Dam:	BRADLEY HUBBARD RESERVOIR DAM				
Inventory Number:	CT 00132				
State Located:	CONNECTICUT				
County Located:	NEW HAVEN				
Stream:	HARBOR BROOK				
Owner:	CITY OF MERIDEN				
Date of Inspection:	MAY 12, 1980				
Inspection Team:	PETER HEYNEN, P.E.				
-	DR. MURALI ATLURU, P.E.				
	MIRON PETROVSKY				
	JAY A. COSTELLO				
	JEFFREY BORNE				

The project, built about 1891 has a total length of 545 feet consisting of a 340-foot masonry core with earth fill on the upstream and downstream sides, a 115 foot long earth embankment at the right end of the dam, and sections of concrete corewall at each end (See Sheet B-1). A 71 foot broad-crested masonry spillway is located at the central portion of the dam. The top of the dam (elevation 312.0) is 7 feet wide and 16.5 feet above the Harbor Brook streambed. The maximum storage capacity with the pond level to the top of the dam is approximately 216 acre-feet of water. A gatehouse, located upstream and adjacent to the right end of the spillway, contains two valves which regulate a 20 inch blowoff and a 12 inch supply main which once led to the Bradley and Hubbard Corp.

In accordance with the Army Corps of Engineer's Guidelines, Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam is classified as a high hazard, small size dam. The test flood range is from one-half to full Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). The selected test flood for Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam is equivalent to the PMF. Peak inflow to the reservoir at the test flood is 1500 cubic feet per second (cfs); peak outflow is 1325 cfs with the dam overtopped by 0.9 feet. The spillway capacity with the reservoir level to the top of the dam is 223 cfs, which is equivalent to 17% of the routed test flood outflow.

Based upon the visual inspection at the site and past performance, the project is judged to be in fair condition. There are items which require maintenance and/or evaluation, such as seepage, deteriorated masonry, the presence of animal burrows in the embankments, and the irregularites caused by erosion of the upstream and downstream embankments.

It is recommended that the owner retain the services of a registered professional engineer to analyze in more detail the adequacy of the existing project discharge and overtopping potential. Other items of importance are monitoring of seepage, repair of deteriorated masonry, repair of erosion and replacement of riprap at the right end of the upstream slope, filling of animal burrows, and the development of maintenance procedure and emergency action programs. Recommendations made by the engineer should be implemented by the owner.

The above recommendations and further remedial measures presented in Section 7 should be install within one year of the owner's receipt of this report.

Peter M. Heynen,

Project Manager - Geotechnical

Cahn Engineers, Inc.

Michael Hofton

Department Head

Cahn Engineers, Inc.

This Phase I Inspection Report on Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

Carney M. Verzian

CARNEY M. TERZIAN, MEMBER Design Branch Engineering Division

BICHARD DIBUONO, MEMBER

Water Control Branch Engineering Division

ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, CHAIRMAN

Geotechnical Engineering Branch

Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECONDENDED:

OE B. FRYAR Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspection. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam would necessarily represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions will be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test Flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions there of. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as neccessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The Phase I Investigation does not include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespass and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

The information contained in this report is based on the limited investigation described above and is not warranted to indicate the actual condition of the dam. The integrity of the dam can only be determined by a means of a monitoring program and/or a detailed physical investigation. The accuracy of available data is assumed where not in obvious conflict with facts observable during the visual inspection.

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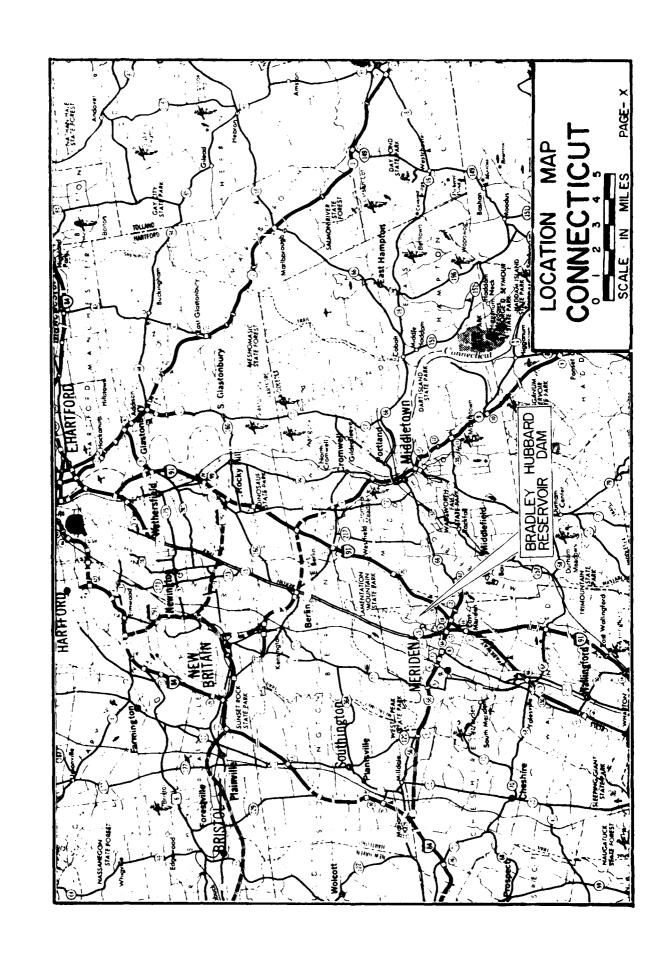
OVERVIEW PHOTO (February, 1980)

US ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND Corps of Engineers Waltham, Mass

> CAHN ENGINEERS INC. WALLINGFORD, CONN. ENGINEER

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS

Bradley	<u>/ Hubbard</u>	<u>Res.</u>	Dam
Harbor	Brook		
Merider	i, CT		
CE# 27	785 KE		
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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

BRADLEY HUBBARD RESERVOIR DAM

SECTION I - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a National Program of Dam Inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Cahn Engineers, Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Connecticut. Authorization and notice to proceed were issued to Cahn Engineers, Inc. under a letter of April 14, 1980 from William E. Hodgson, Jr. Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW 33-80-C-0052 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.
- b. <u>Purpose of Inspection Program</u> The purposes of the program are to:
 - 1. Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-federal dams to identify conditions requiring correction in a timely manner by non-federal interests.
 - 2. Encourage and prepare the States to quickly initiate effective dam inspection programs for non-federal dam.
 - To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.
- c. Scope of Inspection Program The scope of this Phase I inspection report includes:
 - 1. Gathering, reviewing and presenting all available data as can be obtained from the owners, previous owners, the state and other associated parties.
 - A field inspection of the facility detailing the visual condition of the dam, embankments and appurtenant structures.
 - 3. Computations concerning the hydraulics and hydrology of the facility and its relationship to the calculated flood through the existing spillway.
 - An assessment of the condition of the facility and corrective measures required.

It should be noted that this report passes judgment only on those factors of safety and stability which can be determined by a visual surface examination. The inspection is to identify those visually apparent features of the dam which evidence the need for corrective action and/or further study and investigation.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

- a. Location The dam is located on Harbor Brook (Quinnipiac River Basin) in a suburban area of the City of Meriden, County of New Haven, State of Connecticut. The dam is shown on the Meriden USGS Quadrangle Map having coordinates latitude N41 33.5' and longitude W72 45.7'.
- Description of Dam and Appurtenances The dam totals more than 545 feet in length and consists of several sections; the original stone masonry section with earth fill added to the upstream and downstream sides, a 115+ foot long earth embankment at the right end of the dam and a concrete corewall at each end of the dam extending into the natural earth abutment. The stone masonry section is 340 feet long and the earth embankment is 115+ feet in The original masonry dam was raised 3.5 feet in 1912. this time the earthfill was added at the upstream and downstream sides of the masonry and the earth embankment section was added to fill a low area at the right end of the dam. A concrete corewall was also added at each end of the dam. At the right end, the corewall abuts the original masonry and extends through the earth embankment to 175 feet from the masonry core. At the left end, a 30 foot section extends into the earth abutment and abuts the original masonry (See Sheet B-1). Raising the original dam consisted of removing the cap stones and placing a 3.5 foot thick section of concrete on the dam and replacing the cap stones, raising the dam (See Section B-B, Sheet B-1). The top of the masonry coping (elevation 312.0) is 7.0 feet wide, 1.0 foot above the spillway crest and 16.5 feet above the streambed at the toe of the dam. The top of the earth embankment section is approximately 15 feet wide and at elevation 313.0. The concrete corewall at the right end is 5.0 feet thick and tapers to 2.0 feet thick at the top, which is 1.0 feet below the top of the embankment (See Sheet B-1). The concrete corewall extension at the left end is approximately 5.0 feet thick.

The earth fill at the upstream side of the masonry is inclined at 2.5 horizontal to 1 vertical and is overlain by a rock fill which is inclined at 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical and extends to 2± feet from the top of the masonry. A 2.0 foot thick section of concrete extends along the entire length of the upstream face of the masonry core and was placed at the time of the reconstruction (See Section B-B, Sheet B-1). The earthfill on the downstream side of the masonry core is inclined at 2.0 horizontal to 1 vertical and has a grass cover.

The spillway is 71 feet long, located 90 feet from the left abutment and has a crest elevation of 311.0. It is a broad-crested masonry weir of rectangular cross-section with a masonry approach channel and a downstream face of stepped masonry. Extending from the downstream side of the masonry face are stepped masonry wingwalls at each end of the spillway. At the base of the spillway there is a cobble apron.

A brick gatehouse is located upstream and adjacent to the right end of the spillway and accessible by a steel framed footbridge. Two manually operated gate valves are operated from within the gate house. One valve regulates a 20 inch blow-off, which presently acts as a low-level outlet, and the other regulates a 12 inch supply main which once led to the Bradley Hubbard Company, but now is terminated.

- c. <u>Size Classification</u> (SMALL) The dam impounds 216 acrefeet of water with the reservoir level to the top of the dam, which at elevation 312.0, is 16.5 feet above the streambed of Harbor Brook. According to recommended guidelines, a dam with this height and maximum storage capacity is classified as small in size.
- d. Hazard Classification (HIGH) If the dam were breached there is potential for loss of more than a few lives and extensive property damage to the George Hunter Golf Course and at least two homes on Westfield Road 3,500 feet downstream from the dam. The golf course is expected to be inundated by 6.6 to 11.0 feet of water in the vicinity of the streambed. At the second impact area, one house located 7.6 feet above the stream would be inundated by 3.4 feet of water and another house located 8.8 feet above the stream would experience up to 2.2 feet of water in the first floor. In addition, it is expected that Westfield Road would experience some flooding.
 - e. Ownership City of Meriden
 Department of Public Works
 City Hall
 Meriden, CT 06450
 Bruce Marks (Director) (203)-634-0003
 - f. Operator Owner (See Ownership, above)
- g. <u>Purpose</u> Originally for water supply, presently used for recreation.
- h. Design and Construction History The following information is believed to be accurate, based on the available data and correspondence and an interview with the owner of the dam. The dam was constructed about 1891 by James Kane and Sons, Builders, to supply water to the downstream factories. The dam was raised 3.5 feet and the 115 foot earth embankment and concrete corewalls were added about 1912. This work was performed by Leonardo Suzio, Contractor. There is no record of repairs or other alterations other than the raising in 1912.
- i. Normal Operational Procedures There are no formal operational procedures followed at the dam. The 20 inch low-level outlet is kept partially open. The 12 inch supply line has been terminated and is not functional.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. Drainage Area - The drainage area is 0.59 square miles of mostly wooded, rolling to mountainous terrain located in the Quinnipiac River Basin. Approximately 8,500 feet upstream from the reservoir, there is a 700-foot long ungated conduit which diverts water into the Bradley Hubbard Reservoir and significantly enlarges the drainage area.

b. Discharge at Damsite - Discharge is over the spillway and through the 20 inch low-level outlet.

1. Outlet Works:

20 inch low-level outlet invert el. Not known

40 cfs (pond level at

top of dam)

12 inch supply main:

N/A

2. Maximum flood at damsite:

Unknown

3. Ungated spillway capacity @ top of dam el. 312.0:

223 cfs

4. Ungated spillway capacity @ test flood el. 312.9:

604 cfs

5. Gated spillway capacity @ normal pool:

N/A

N/A

6. Gated spillway capacity

@ test flood:

7. Total spillway capacity @ test flood el. 312.9:

604 cfs

8. Total project discharge

@ test flood el. 312.9:

1325 cfs

c. <u>Elevations</u> - (NGVD based on assumed spillway elevation, See Sheet B-1).

1. Streambed at toe of dam:

295.5+ ft.

2. Bottom of cutoff:

N/A

3. Maximum tailwater:

N/A

4. Normal pool:

311.0 ft.

5. Full flood control pool:

N/A

6. Spillway crest (ungated):

311.0 ft.

7.	Design surcharge (original design):	Not known
8.	Top of dam:	312.0 ft. (masonry) 313.0 ft. (embankment)
9.	Test flood surcharge:	312.9 ft.
đ.	Reservoir Length (feet)	
1.	Normal pool:	3340 ft.
2.	Flood control pool:	N/A
3.	Spillway crest pool:	3340 ft.
4.	Top of dam pool:	3400 ft.
5.	Test flood pool:	3440 ft.
e.	Reservoir Storage (acre-feet)	
1.	Normal pool:	180 acre-ft.
2.	Flood control pool:	N/A
3.	Spillway crest pool:	180 acre-ft.
4.	Top of dam pool:	216 acre-ft.
5.	Test flood pool:	230 acre-ft.
f.	Reservoir Surface (acres)	
1.	Normal pool:	35 acres
2.	Flood control pool:	N/A
3.	Spillway crest pool:	35 acres
4.	Top of dam pool:	35.8 acres
5.	Test flood pool:	36 acres.
g.	Dam	
1.	Type:	masonry core section with earth embankment slopes
2.	Length:	340 ft.
3.	Height:	16.5 ft.
4.	Top width:	7.0 ft.

5. Side slopes:

1.5H to lV (upstream)
2.0H to lV (Downstream)

6. Zoning:

N/A

7. Impervious core:

Masonry core possibly

to bedrock

8. Cutoff:

N/A

9. Grout curtain:

N/A

10. Other:

115 foot long earth embankment at right end. A 175 foot long concrete corewall at right end of masonry and 30 foot long concrete corewall at left end of

masonry

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel N/A

i. Spillway

1. Type:

Broad-crested stone masonry

rectangular weir

2. Length of weir:

71 ft.

3. Crest elevation:

311.0 ft.

4. Gates:

N/A

5. Upstream channel:

1.5H to lV gravel

6. Downstream channel:

original streambed

7. General:

N/A

j. Regulating Outlets - The outlet is a 20 inch low-level outlet (blow-off). An abandoned 12 inch supply main still extends through the masonry and earth fill section.

1. Invert: Low-level outlet Supply main

Unknown N/A

2. Size: Low-level outlet
Supply main

20 inch 12 inch

3. Description:

Cast iron pipes

- 4. Control mechanism:
- 5. Other:

Manually operated handwheel pedestal, gate valve

Supply main abandoned. Actual length of pipe or where it terminates is unknown.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

Available data consists of a plan accompanied by a contract and specifications between International Silver Co. in partnership with the Bradley and Hubbard Mfg. Co. and Leonardo Suzio, Contractor in reference to the raising of the dam; correspondence concerning an inspection of the dam on June 10, 1965 by John J. Mozzochi and Associates of Glastonbury Ct; and correspondence concerning an inspection of the dam on April 12, 1973 by Buck and Buck Engineers of Hartford, Connecticut. All correspondence is available from the State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection. The specifications and plan are available at the Town Hall, Meriden, Connecticut.

The drawings and correspondence indicate the design features stated previously in this report. There were no engineering values, assumptions, test results or calculations available for the original dam design or the 1912 raising of the dam.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

There is no data available for the original construction of the dam or subsequent raising of the dam in 1912.

2.3 OPERATIONS

No operation records are known to exist.

2.4 EVALUATION

- a. Existing Data Existing data was provided by the State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection and the owner. The owner also made the project available for visual inspection.
- b. Adequacy The limited amount of detailed engineering data available was generally inadequate to perform an in-depth assessment of the dam, therefore, the final assessment of this dam must be based primarily on visual inspection, performance history, hydraulic computations of spillway capacity and approximate hydrologic judgements.
- c. <u>Validity</u> A comparison of record data and visual observations reveals no observable significant discrepancies in the record data.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

a. General - The condition of the project is fair based upon our visual inspection on May 12, 1980. The inspection revealed several areas requiring maintenance and monitoring. At the time of the inspection, the pond level was at elevation 311.0, i.e. 1.0 ft. below the top of the dam with a small amount of water flowing over the masonry spillway.

b. Dam

Top of Dam - The masonry coping contains cracks and deterioration within the mortar joints especially to the left side of the spillway. There is also vegetation growing from some of these cracks. The top of the earth embankment portion of the dam is bare and shows evidence of erosion (photos 1 and 2).

Upstream Slope - The upstream earthfill of the original dam section was below the water surface level therefore it could not be evaluated. The upstream slope of the embankment portion of the dam is irregular and badly eroded (Photo 2). Riprap had been removed or displaced from the embankment.

Downstream Slope - To the left of the spillway the slope is overgrown with large trees, brush and tall grass including numerous animal burrows (Photo 5). At the toe of the slope there is a seep of 5 gpm and a large wet area. The water from this seep was clear and flows toward the spillway channel. To the right of the spillway the slope is primarily covered by tall grass although some trees, tree stumps and brush exist near the spillway and channel area (photo 1). Animal burrows are evident in this area also. Extensive erosion has occurred behind the right masonry wingwall forming a large gully several feet deep. There is a large wet area at the toe to the right of the spillway from which a small stream develops, flowing at a rate of 4-6 gpm toward the spillway channel.

Spillway - The masonry spillway crest is in fair condition although there are some cracks and seepage through the masonry joints (photo 5). The approach channel is clear and free of obstructions. The training walls adjacent to the spillway crest show signs of slight erosion. Grasses and vines are growing from many of the joints in the masonry. Mortar is also missing from many of the joints (Photo 5). Seepage was observed from the joints of both training walls with flows averaging less than 1 gpm. The downstream face of the spillway is in fair condition although the masonry is a little eroded (Photo 4). The discharge channel is filled with debris and overgrown with trees and brush (Photos 4, 5 and 6).

- c. Appurtenant Structure The exterior of the brick gatehouse is in fair condition. In several areas, the concrete at the base of the brickwork, is deteriorated and the steel sheeting covering the vertical sides of the concrete base is pulled away or missing from the concrete. The wood decking, of the steel framed foot bridge is missing which makes entry to the gatehouse difficult. The wood floor inside the gatehouse is badly deteriorated. The handwheel of one of the valves has been removed from the pedestal.
- d. Reservoir Area The area surrounding the pond is generally wooded and undeveloped. There are steep wooded hills to the east and northwest and a golf course to the west of the dam.
- e. <u>Downstream Channel</u> The downstream channel is the natural streambed of Harbor Brook. The channel was very overgrown with large trees, brush, uprooted trees, and assorted grasses. It is difficult to define the actual channel.

3.2 EVALUATION

Based upon the visual inspection, the project is assessed as being in fair condition. The following features which could influence the future condition and/or stability of the project were identified.

- Significant seepage through the masonry has and will continue leaching the cement mortar joints thus weakening the masonry and decreasing stability. Freezing and thawing of this seepage could result in displacement of the stonework and/or possible failure of the masonry.
- 2. Vegetation growing through the masonry joints could lead to displacement and/or possible failure of the masonry.
- 3. Cracks between the newer concrete and the upstream face of the original masonry (See Sheet B-1), allow water to flow through the masonry section thus possibly leading to adverse seepage through the dam.
- 4. The lack of riprap or other suitable protective cover on the top and upstream slope of the embankment portion of the dam will permit further erosion which may possibly result in failure of the structure.
- 5. Trees, brush and burrowing animals could promote piping and/or seepage by creating flow paths, either along root systems or through holes, in the embankment. Trees, if uprooted may produce depressions which may be critical to the stability of the dam.

- Seepage and wet areas at the toe of the downstream embankment could increase and lead to instability if not properly monitored.
- 7. The wood decking is missing from the footbridge leading to the gatehouse, making it difficult as well as dangerous to get into the gatehouse.

SECTION 4: OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

- a. General No formal program of operation is in effect. It was reported that the low-level outlet was opened in the summer of 1979 to provide water to a public swimming area downstream.
- b. Description of any Warning System in Effect No formal warning system is in effect.

4.2 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

- a. General There is no formal program of maintenance or inspection at the dam.
- b. Operating Facilities No formal program for maintenance of operating facilities is in effect.

4.3 EVALUATION

Operation and maintenance procedures are not performed. A formal program of operation and maintenance procedures should be implemented, including documentation to provide complete records for future reference. Also, an emergency action plan as well as a formal downstream warning system should be developed and implemented within the time frame indicated in Section 7.1c. Remedial operation and maintenance recommendations are presented in Section 7.3.

SECTION 5: EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

5.1 GENERAL

The Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam drainage area is 0.59 square miles of wooded rolling to mountainous terrain. An ungated conduit upstream, diverts water to the reservoir and substantially increases the drainage area (See Sheet D-1).

The dam is basically a low surcharge storage - high spillage type project. The available storage reduces the outflow from a Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) from 1500 cubic feet per second (cfs) to 1325 cfs and the ½ PMF outflow from 750 cfs to 620 cfs.

5.2 DESIGN DATA

No computations could be found for the original design of the dam or the subsequent raising.

5.3 EXPERIENCE DATA

The maximum discharge at this dam site is unknown and no information was found to indicate that there have been any problems (including overtopping) arising at the dam.

5.4 TEST FLOOD ANALYSIS

Based upon the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharges" dated March, 1978; the watershed classification (rolling to mountainous) and the watershed area of 0.59 square miles, a PMF of 1500 cfs or 2550 cfs per square mile is estimated at the damsite. In accordance with the size (small) and hazard (high) classification, the range of test floods to be considered is from the ½ PMF to the PMF. Based on the hazard potential associated with a breach of the dam, the test flood for Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam is selected as equivalent to the PMF. The pond level at the start of the test flood is considered to be at elevation 311.0, which is at the spillway crest. Peak inflow to the reservoir at the test flood is 1500 cfs; peak outflow is 1325 cfs with the dam overtopped by 0.9 feet. Based on hydraulics computations, the spillway capacity to the top of the dam is 223 cfs which is equivalent to 17% of the routed test flood outflow (Appendix D-6).

5.5 DAM FAILURE ANALYSIS

Utilizing the Corps of Engineers April 1978 "Rule of Thumb Guidance for Estimating Downstream Dam Failure Hydrographs", the peak failure outflow due to a breach of the dam is estimated to be 11,700 CFS with an estimated flood depth of 7 Ft. immediately downstream of the dam. The flood routing was performed for peak failure outflow with pool at top of dam. The prefailure flow in the brook is estimated to be 223 CFS and flood stages are estimated to increase by 4.3 Ft. and 7.9 Ft. at the initial and second impact areas respectively.

The estimated peak flow rates and peak flood depths at four sections downstream of the dam resulting from a dam failure are:

D/S Section	Flow	Flood Depth	Velocity
(Ft. From Dam)	(CFS)	(Ft)	(FPS)
At Dam	11,700	7	-
1350	10,100	9.6	11
1950	9,400	6.6	11
2450	8,500	4.5	6
3800	6,000	11	5

As discussed in Appendix D (D-23 & 24), a flood of this magnitude would inundate a significant portion of George Hunter Golf course and flood at least two houses on Westfield Road. The flood depth in the golf course, considered as initial impact area, would vary from 6.6 ft. to ll ft. in the vicinity of the existing channel. At the second impact area in the vicinity of Westfield Road, the house located north of the road has its first floor 7.6+ ft. above the channel bed, and would be inundated with 3.4+ ft. of flood water. Similarly, the house located south of the Westfield Road would be unundated with 2.2+ ft. of water, since its first floor elevation is 8.8+ ft. above the channel bed. In addition, it is expected that three culverts would be damaged and Westfield Road would be inundated with 2.5+ ft. of water at two locations.

Based upon the hydraulic and hydrologic analysis, the dam has a high hazard classification with a potential for loss of more than a few lives upon failure of the dam.

SECTION 6: EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 VISUAL OBSERVATIONS

The dam is basically in two sections. The main section is the original stone masonry dam with earth fill added on the downstream side, and earth and rock fill added on the upstream side. second section is the newer part of the dam added in 1912. This is an earth embankment with a concrete corewall, both of which abut the right end of the masonry core. This section was added to fill a low area resulting from raising the original dam 3.5 feet in 1912. The concrete corewall at the right end of the dam extends for 175 feet, through the earth embankment section and into the natural earth abutment. Another 30 foot section of concrete corewall was also added to the left end of the dam. The dam was raised by removing the cap stones, placing 3.5 feet of concrete on the top and replacing the cap stones (See Sheet B-1, Section B-B). inclination of the rock fill on the upstream slope is 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical and the inclination of the downstream slope is 2.0 horizontal to 1 vertical.

The visual inspection revealed a series of maintenance and repair related problems which, if not corrected, could compromise the stability of the dam. In summary, these would include: 1) cracking of the masonry joints and between the newer concrete and the original masonry, allowing seepage to occur through the masonry cap stones and through the spillway section, 2) seepage of approximately 5 gpm (clear water flowing) and a large wet area at the right and left ends of the toe of the dam, 3) animal burrows, erosion and fairly large trees on the downstream slopes, 4) erosion and lack of slope protection on the earth embankment section to the right end of the dam, 5) the poor condition of the gatehouse and operating facilities. See Section 7 for recommendations and remedial measures.

6.2 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION DATA

The drawings and data available and listed in Appendix B were not sufficient to perform an in depth stability analysis of the dam. No engineering assumptions, data or calculations could be found for the original design of the dam.

6.3 POST CONSTRUCTION CHANGES

Post construction changes of the project consisted of raising the crest of the dam 3.5 feet and the addition of 115 feet of embankment and a concrete corewall at each end of the dam to increase storage.

6.4 SEISMIC STABILITY

The project is in Seismic Zone 1 and according to the Recommended Guidelines, need not be evaluated for seismic stability.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

a. Condition - Based upon the visual inspection of the site and past performance, the project appears to be in fair condition. However, there are areas which require maintenance, repair and monitoring.

Based upon the Army Corps of Engineers' "Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharges" dated March, 1978, the watershed classification and hydraulic/hydrologic computations, peak inflow to the lake at the test flood is 1500 cubic feet per second (cfs); peak outflow is 1325 cfs with the dam overtopped 0.9 feet. Based upon our hydraulic computations, the spillway capacity to the top of dam is 223 cfs, which is equivalent to approximately 17% of the routed test flood outflow.

- b. Adequacy of Information The information available is such that an assessment of the condition and stability of the project must be based solely on visual inspection, past performance and sound engineering judgement.
- c. <u>Urgency</u> It is recommended that the measures presented in Section 7.2 and 7.3 be implemented within one year of the owner's receipt of this report.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that further studies be made by a registered professional engineer qualified in dam design and inspection pertaining to the following items. Recommendations made by the engineer should be implemented by the owner.

- 1. A detailed inspection of the spillway and spillway channel when no water is flowing over the spillway to check for seepage through the masonry and erosion of the cobble apron at the base of the spillway.
- 2. Determination of the origin and significance of seepage and wet areas at the toe of the downstream embankment.
- 3. Removal of all trees, tree stumps, and brush from the embankments and the spillway channel. This should include removal of root systems, proper backfilling and regrading of eroded areas.
- 4. The upstream slope of the embankment portion of the dam should be regraded, riprap placed on the upstream slope and slope protection placed on the top of the embankment which will resist the frequent foot traffic.
- 5. A hydraulic/hydrologic analysis should be performed to more accurately determine the adequacy of the existing project discharge and the overtopping potential.

6. Sealing the cracks between the newer concrete section and the original masonry to prevent seepage through this area.

7.3 REMEDIAL MEASURES

- a. Operation and Maintenance Procedures The following measures should be undertaken by the owner within the length of time indicated in Section 7.1.c, and continued on a regular basis:
 - Round-the-clock surveillance should be provided during periods of heavy precipitation or high project discharge. A formal emergency preparedness plan should be devised so in the event of an emergency, evacuation may be implemented in a prompt and organized manner.
 - 2. A formal program of operation and maintenance procedures should be instituted and fully documented to provide accurate records for future reference. The maintenance procedures should include a monthly inspection by the owner or owner representative.
 - 3. A comprehensive program of inspection by a registered professional engineer qualified in dam inspection should be instituted on a biennial basis.
 - 4. The vegetation should be removed from the masonry joints and all masonry repointed.
 - 5. The gully on the downstream slope along the right spillway training wall, and any other visible slope erosion, should be backfilled with suitable material and proper slope protection placed.
 - Decking should be replaced on the footbridge to the gatehouse and fencing to protect against vandalism installed.
 - 7. Flooring should be replaced in the gate house.
 - The gate house door should be repaired.
 - The gate valve mechanisms should be repaired, cleaned, lubricated, and painted.
 - 10. The discharge channel should be cleared of trees, brush and logs, and the cobble apron repaired to prevent erosion at the base of the spillway during high spillway discharge.
 - 11. Animal burrows should be evacuated, properly backfilled and slope protection placed.

7.4 ALTERNATIVES

This study has identified no practical alternatives to the above recommendations.

APPENDIX A
INSPECTION CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LIST PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT Bradley Hubbard	Seservoir Da	DATE: May	12,1980	
,			-10:30 Am	
	WEATHER: Cloudy 55°			
		W.S. ELEV.	?// U.SDN.S	
PARTY:	INITIALS:	<u>D</u> :	ISCIPLINE:	
1. Peter Heynen	<u>PH</u>		shn Geotechnical	
2. Miron Petrovsky	MP.		phn, Geotechnical	
3. Jay Costello	JC	<u>@</u>	hn, Gootechnical	
4. Jeffry Borne	JB_		shn, Geotechnical	
5. or Murali Atlury	MA	a	versified Tech, Hydraulic	
6				
PROJECT FEATURE		INSPECTED BY	Y REMARKS	
1. Earth Embankment	РН,	HP, JC, JB, MA	1 A-Z	
2. Spillway	₽ н ,	MP, TC, TB, MA	<u>A-3</u>	
3. Gotchouse	₽H,	JC	<u> </u>	
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12		·		

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

Page A-Z

PROJECT Browley Horbard Reservoir 12. DATE 5-12-80

PROJECT FEATURE Facth Embankment BY LEGAL, J.C., MA

AREA EVALUATED		CONDITION
DAM EMBANKMENT		(24) a (2000)
Crest Elevation		\ 3/2 0 (masonry) \ 3/3.0 (carth)
Current Pool Elevation		311.0
Maximum Impoundment to Date	,	Not Known
Surface Cracks		Joint crack in masonry
Pavement Condition		N/A
Movement or Settlement of Crest		None Observed
Lateral Movement	-)
Vertical Alignment		Appears good
Horizontal Alignment	-	J
Condition at Abutment and at Concrete		Fair
Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	1 1	None observed
Trespassing on Slopes		Excresive trespossing on top of
Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments		U/S slope imbankment st. From
Rock Slope Protection-Riprap Failures		U/S Slope embankment section-no riprop
Unusual Movement or Cracking at or Near Toes		None observed
Unusual Embankment or Downstream Seepage		uet areas at D/s toe of dam to each side of spillury.
Piping or Boils		to each side of spillury.
Foundation Drainage Features		N/A
Toe Drains		NA
Instrumentation System		N/A

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST Page A-3 PROJECT Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam DATE 5-12-80 PROJECT FEATURE Spillway BY PH, MP, JC, JB, MA AREA EVALUATED CONDITION OUTLET WORKS-SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS a) Approach Channel 600d General Condition NO Loose Rock Overhanging Channel No Trees Overhanging Channel stones on bottom - clear Floor of Approach Channel b) Weir and Training Walls Fair General Condition of Concrete 1/0 Rust or Staining little eroded, mortar leached from joints. Spalling No Any Visible Reinforcing seeps through joints (< Igpm) possible undermining at toe Any Seepage or Efflorescence Drain Holes c) Discharge Channel Poor General Condition 110 Loose Rock Overhanging Channel Area heavily wooded and overgrown Trees Overhanging Channel Heavily wooded, brush, logs, Floor of Channel Other Obstructions

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST Page A-4 PROJECT Brodley Hubbard Reservoir Dom DATE 5-12-80 PROJECT FEATURE Gatehouse BY PH MP, TC, JB, NA AREA EVALUATED CONDITION OUTLET WORKS-CONTROL TOWER a) Concrete and Structural Poor General Condition Cracking of concrete foundation and brick superstructure Condition of Joints Spalling Some Visible Reinforcing None observed Rusting or Staining of Concrete Any Seepage or Efflorescence N/A Joint Alignment None observed Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber yes - brickwork and concrete foundation Cracks yes - steel sheeting around Rusting or Corrosion of Steel foundation b) Mechanical and Electrical Air Vents Float Wells Crane Hoist Elevator N/A Hydraulic System Service Gates

Emergency Gates

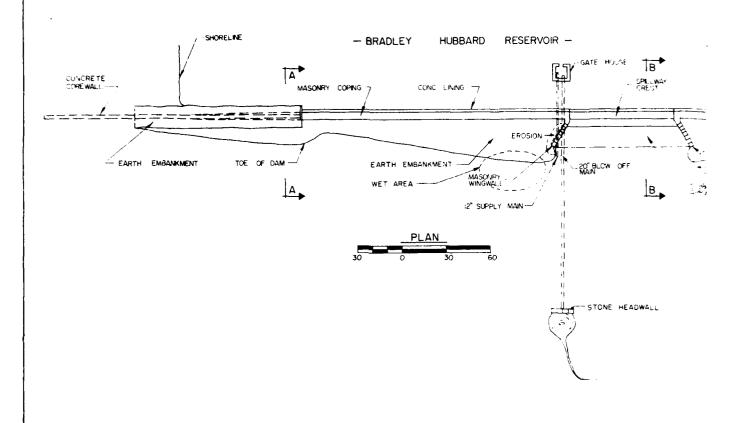
Lightning Protection System

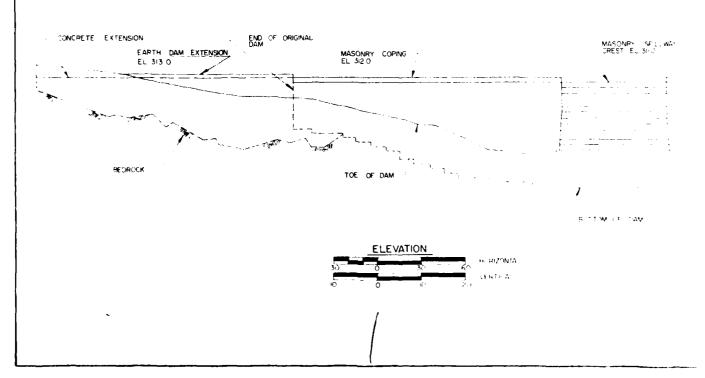
Wiring and Lighting System

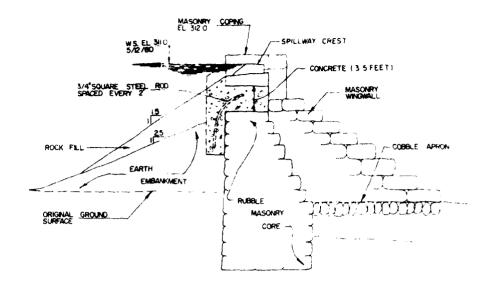
Emergency Power System

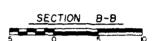
APPENDIX B

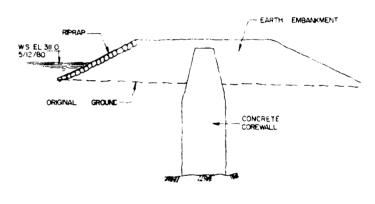
ENGINEERING DATA AND CORRESPONDENCE



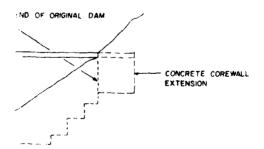












CONCRETE

TOE OF DAM
SEEP, 5 GPM

MASONRY WINGWALL

-WET AREA

NOTES:

- I THIS DRAWING TRACED FROM A PLAN TITLED DAY AT STORAGE RESERVOR" PREPARED FOR THE BRADLEY & HUBBARD MFG CO. AND THE INTERNATIONAL SEVER CO NO DATE OR INDICATION WHO PREPARED THE PLAN WAS AVAILABLE
- 2 ALL ELEVATIONS ARE NGVD BASED ON AN ASSUMET SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION.
 THE WATER SURFACE ELEVATION OF 3110 SHOWN ON THE 1972 MERIDEN U.S.G.S. QUADRAINGLE MAP WAS ASSUMED TO BE THE ELEVATION OF THE SPILLWAY CREST ALL OTHER ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO THE SPILLWAY CREST SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATIONS.

CAHN ENGINEERS INC US ARMY ENGINEER DIV NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED DAMS

PLAN. ELEVATION AND SECTION

BRADLEY HUBBARD RESERVOIR DAM

HARBOR BROOK MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT
DRAWN BY CHECKED BY APPROVED BY SCALE AS MOTED

H Alaman 177 DATE SEPT 1980 SHEET 8-1

BRADLEY HUBBARD RESERVOIR

EXISTING PLANS

"International Silver Company and Bradley and Hubbard Mfg. Co., Dam at Storage Reservoir" $\,$

No date or signatures.

SUMMARY OF DATA AND CORRESPONDENCE

DATE	21	FROM	SUBJECT	PAGE
Sept. 25 1912			Contract and specification between owners, International Silver Co. and The Bradley and Hubbard Co., and contractor, Leonardo Suzio, in reference to raising the dam	ж Э
June 11, 1963	File	State Board for the Supervision of Dams	Inventory Data	B-12
May 3, 1965	John J. Mozzochi and Associates	William P. Sanders Water Resources Commission	Inspection Request	B-13
June 14, 1965	William P. Sanders Water Resources Commission	John J. Mozzochi and Associates	Results of Dam Inspection	B-14
June 21, 1965	BeElden A. Philbrook Soil Conservation	William P. Sanders	Cover letter for dam inspection by John J. Mozzochi and Associates	B-15
April 26, 1973	Victor Galgowski Conn. Dept of Environ- mental Protection	Buck and Buck Engineers James A. Thompson	Visual dam inspection results	B-16
May 10, 1973	Mayor Abraham G. Grossman - Meriden, Ct.	Victor Galgowski	Inspection report and recommendation.	B-17
May 15, 1973	Dan W. Lufkin Conn. Dept. of Environ- mental Protection	Mayor Abraham G. Grossman	Request of detailed recommendations	B-18
July 8, 1974	Douglas Mcostle Conn. Dept. of Environ- mental Protection	Mayor John D. Quine - Meriden, Ct.	Request of detailed recommendations	. B-19
July 17, 1974	Mayor John D. Quine	Victor Galgowski	Detailed recommendations	B-21

THE BRADLEY & HUBBARD MFG. CO.

RAISING PRESENT

MERIDEN, CONN.

THIS AGREEMENT made and concluded this Same of the same o September 1912, by and between The International Bilver Co., and The Bradley & Rubbard Mfg. Co., corporations. organised under the Laws of the State of Connecticut, and having A CONTRACT OF THE STATE OF THE "我可能的现在我们,这种智慧的信息。" their place of business in the City of Meriden in said State, **编集任政**尔·A. 2007年1970年1970年1970年 Party of the First Part, and Llonardo Jugio Contractor, Party of the Second Part. (國) 精进 (1945)

withesseth:

(A) That the said party of the second part has agreed and by these presents does agree with the said party of the **对**格尔克·加州 first part, for the consideration hereinafter mentioned and contained, to furnish all necessary labor and tools, and to construct in a substantial and workmanlike manner, the additions to the present dam of the party of the Tirst part in the Town of Meriden, in the manner, and under the conditions 3.800 1.80.300 A.K. hereinafter specified; and has further agreed that the said party of the first part shall be, and is, hereby authorized to appoint its engineer, and such other person or persons as The same of the same wife from it may deem proper, to inspect materials furnished and the Many Market Control work done; and to see that the same correspond with the specifications hereinafter set forth, to wit: (B) SPECIPICATIONS

The work contemplated and provided for in this

B-3

house about three fect and five inches; the construction of additional embankments on both sides of the present dam; and the construction of an earth dam with concrete core wall at each end of the present dam.

All materials shall be provided by the contractor, excepting that stone suitable for use in the work may be obtained on the property of the International Silver Co., and The Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co.

All work shall be done strictly in accordance with the plan on file in the office of The Bradley & Hubbard Mfg.

(2) ADDITION TO THE PRESENT DAM.

The coping stones on the present dam and the two
upper courses of stone on the spillway shall be removed and
placed at convenient places on the embankment. All loose
stone and mortar on top of the masonry wall shall be removed
so as to give a good bond between the new concrete and masonry.

A concrete wall shall be built on top of this masonry of the size and dimensions shown on the plan. The concrete facing on the back of the dam shall be carried down into the water from one to two feet as directed by the engineer.

A 3/4° square steel rod 8 feet long bent as shown on the plans shall be placed in the concrete and spaced every two feet as shown on the plan.

The dam shall be divided in sections of about fifty feet or such length that all the concrete in the section can be placed in the same day. At the end of each section a vertical groove shaped as directed by the engineer, shall be made in the concrete to form an expansion joint. The end of each section shall be cited, before the concrete in the next section is placed.

8-4

planed planks. Adjoining planks of the same mold shall be of the same thickness with the edges beveled, or tongues and grooved to make the joints water tight.

All molds shall be thoroughly cleaned of all cement before being used. Deformed, broken, or defective molds shall be repaired or removed from the work.

The molds shall be allowed to remain in place a sufficient length of time to allow the concrete to set; and they shall be constructed in such a manner that they can be readily removed without jarring or cracking the concrete.

The core walls provided that the excavation is made truly to the widths shown on the plan.

(11) CEMBET.

quality of Portland cement of a brand that has an established reputation for uniformity and quality. It shall be dry and free from lumps; be ground so finely that ninety-two per cent will pass a sieve with ten thousand meshes to the square inch; and parts of neat cement one half inch in thickness and three inches in diameter with thin edges shall not crack in setting or when immersed in water maintained at a temperature of one hundred and seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit. The color shall remain uniform over the whole surface of the cement after becoming hard, and not show yellowish spots, whether the pats are set in air or in water.

Briquetts, molded of neat coment, shall have a tensil strength of at least one hundred and fifty pounds per square inch after twenty four hours immersion in water - the briquett to be placed in water immediately after being set - and at least five hundred pounds after one day in air and six days in water; 8-5 and shall show a gradually increasing strength after that time.

the wall shall be govered with a thick bed of mortar and the coping stones set thereon. If so directed by the engineer, the paving in the cobble apron next to the spillway shall be removed for a width of about three feet, and a section of concrete about two feet deep be thoroughly rammed into the epace. (3) RAISING THE GATE HOUSE.

The present gate house and bridge shall be raised Rapproximately three feet five inches as shown on the plan. The gate house shall be jacked up with timbers, and the foundstions carried up with maker to the under side of the sand stone water table. The ladder in the gate wall and the gate stems shall be lengthened to fit the new floor level.

(4) EXCAVATION.

....

The earth on the site of the core walls shall be excavated down to rock, and a trench shall be excavated in the rock, if necessary, to a sufficient depth to secure a good foundation for the concrete. The width of the excavation shall be the same width as the core wall.

On the site of the embankments for the core wall, all loam, stumps, roots, and other vegetable matter shall be grubbed , out and removed from the entire area to be covered by the new work. The loam shall be piled at one side of the excavation and be used for surfacing the embankments.

> The loam on the embankments in front of the present -5 dam shall be removed before building the additional embank-The first the first was a second of the contraction of the second ments.

The excavation for the concrete on back of the present dam shall be carried down into the selected material. ويراكح يبرو فعلما ووفرار فيجران وأنوره المراثوج and from one to two feet into the water, as directed by the engineer. B-6

Wherever rock is encountered in the excavations it shall be stripped of earth and the engineer notified that he may cross-section the same.

Special care shall be taken in preparing the foundations for the core wall to shatter the surrounding rock as little as possible. All loose rock must be removed, marxif

Only ledge rock and boulders measuring more than one half of a cubic yard in volume shall be measured as rock.

(6) EMBANKMENTS.

After the loam and other soft material has been removed from the site of the embankments the earth beneath shall be loosened by plowing or harrowing to secure a bond between the natural soil and the new material.

Only selected material which will "pack" when moistened and tamped shall be used in the embankment on the water side of the core wall. At the back of the present dam the rip rap shall be removed as low as the water in the reservoir will permit, and be replaced with selected material.

The down stream side of the core wall embankment, and the embankment in front of the present dam may be made of gravel or other material which will form a solid bank. No stumps or other vegetable substances, and no stones which are too large to be thoroughly bedded by the tampers shall be used.

The material for the embankments shall be taken from the excavation for the core walls or from the reservoir basin below the flow line. It shall be deposited in horizontal layers not exceeding six inches in depth, be sprinkled with water, and thoroughly tamped with heavy iron tampers. The amount of water used, and the extent to which the material 8-7 shall be tamped shall be regulated by the engineer

bankment shall be covered with rip map to a level two feet above the level of the top of the spillway. The remainder of the embankments shall be covered with a layer of black loam to a depth of at least six inches and be well seeded with grass of the variety determined by the engineer.

The rip rap shall be composed of sound and durable stones and be of such size and shape as to form a facing at least one foot in depth. The stones shall be set by hand close together, the interstices between the larger stones being chinked up with spalls and small stones to make a smooth and compact surface. After the rip rap is laid sand or gravel shall be spread over the surface and be broomed into the joints until all spaces between the stones are solidly filled.

(7) ROCK FILL.

The rip rap on the upstream slope of the present dam shall be covered to a depth of about two feet with broken rock of a size which can be handled by one man. The face of this rock fill shall be graded on a slope of one on one and one half.

(8) CORB WALL.

A concrete core wall shall be built at both ends of the present dam, and be extended into the natural bank at each side as directed by the engineer. It shall be founded on solid rock, and be carried up within one foot of the top of the embankment.

(9) CONCRETE.

All concrete used in the work shall be composed of one part of cement, two and one half parts of fine, and four 8-8 and one half parts of coarse aggregate.

the surface shall be washed with a thin grout of cement and sand and be floated with soft wooden floats until the surface is amounth and hard.

The concrete and mortar shall be made in concrete mixing machines of approved form. The ingredients for a "batch" shall be assembled in suitable measuring hoxes before being placed in the mixer. The cement and sand shall first be mixed to a thin mortar, the stone afterwards added, and the mixing continued until a homogeneous mixture is obtained.

The concrete shall be mixed "wet", but the exact amount of water shall be determined by the engineer. It shall be deposited in place immediately after being mixed, and be thoroughly compacted by tamping, and by spading along the sides of the forms.

No work in concrete shall be done when the tempera-

The surface of the rock, the top of the present dam, and concrete which has set shall be covered with a thin layer of mortar before the placing of any concrete thereon. The mortar shall be composed of one part of cement and two and one half parts of sand.

where new masonry is joined to old, the surfaces of the old concrete shall be cleaned of all laitance, and soft or loose cement, by scrubbing with wire brushes, and be thoroughly washed.

(10) FORMS.

The forms or molds for the different parts of the work shall be built of the exact shape of the structures which they are to form; and be of sufficient strength and rigidity to permit of the concrete being thoroughly tamped and compacted without springing or warping them from that shape. B-9

cient amount of cement on hand to permit of its being tested before being used.

The cement shall be kept stored in a tight shed so constructed that the cement will be protected from the weather and from dampness from the ground.

A barrel of cement shall be reckoned as three hundred and eighty pounds net weight.

(12) AGGREGATES.

The fine aggregate shall be clean, sharp pit sand, free from clay or loam, or fine stone dust such as will pass a sieve with one quarter of an inch mesh.

will pass a screen with two inch round holes and be rejected by a sieve with one quarter of an inch mesh. Only hard, durable stone will be accepted.

(13) BRICK.

The brisk used in the gate house foundation shall be regular and uniform in shape and size, with full sharp corners, and be hard burned entirely through. They shall be thoroughly wat with water before being laid, and have full cement joints, at bed, sides, and ends, which shall be made at one operation and not by working the mortar in after the brick is laid.

The joints shall be properly struck on the face of the work;

(14) STEEL.

The steel rods used in the work shall be of the size shown on the plan. They shall be placed in the work in such a manner as to be thoroughly covered with concrete; and shall be truly bent to the form directed by the engineer.

(15) PROTECTION OF WATERSHED.

All buildings for housing the men or animals employed on the work shall be built on land entirely off the watershed of the present reservoir. They shall be kept at THE BRADLEY & HUBBARD MEG. CO.

PAISING PRESENTEDAM MERIDEN, CONN.

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES.

Earth Excavation	500	cu. yds.	- 75 wa
Rock Excavation	10	cu. yds.	35.0
Rolled Earth Embankment	1200	cu. yds.	ي جي ۽ جي و
Concrete	700	cu. yds.	4935.0.
Rock Filling	250	cu. yds.	11.50
Rip Rap	7 5	sq. yds.	5
Steel	3000	lbs.	10000
Coping stones to be moved	425	lin. ft.	403.75
Brick for gate house foundation	7000		550.0
			7957.0

The above quantities are to be considered only as approximate. The International Silver Co., and The Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co. reserve the right of increasing or diminishing the same as may be deemed necessary by the engineer.

No. ME 3 WATER RESOURCES COMMISSION SUPERVISION OF DAMS INVENTORY DATA A + A	72-95.7 -33.5
Name of Dam or Pond BRADLEY HUBBARD RESERVOIT	
Code No. QU 234 HR 5.6	
Nearest Street Location LUCSTFIELD RUAD	······
Town MERIDEN	
U.S.G.S. Quad. HERIDEN	
Name of Stream HARBOR BROOK	
Owner CONVERTICUT FIGHT AND POWER TO CITY	OF MERIDEN
Address Berlin City A	hall
Meno	len of
•	1/23
Pond Used For WATER SUPPLY (?)	DA 6.5784
Dimensions of Pond: Width Soo Feet Length 3000 FEE	T Area 40 HCRES
Total Length of Dam 180 FEET Length of Spillwa	ay 40 FEET
Location of Spillway EAST END OF DAM	
Height of Pond Above Stream Bed 15 FEET	
Height of Embankment Above Spillway 3-Feet /	
Type of Spillway Construction	
Type of Dike Construction MASCARY	
Downstream Conditions TIELDS ROADS	
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Summary of File Data	
Remarks	
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Would Failure Cause Danger 765 B=12	

May 3, 1965

John J. Mozzochi and Associates 217 Hebron Avenue Glastonbury, Connecticut

Gentlemen:

Under the terms of your contract as consultant to this Commission, will you please inspect and report on Bradley Hubbard Reservoir in Meriden. There is a proposed flood control project at Baldwin Pend immediately downstream and for this reason we would like to know the present condition of Bradley Hubbard Reservoir.

The Bradley Hubbard Reservoir is just east of Route 15 on the east side of the Meridan Quadrangle.

Very truly yours.

William P. Sander Engineer - Geologist

WPS: js



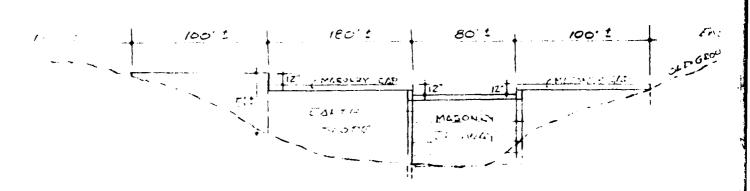
William P. Sander-Engineer - Geologist Water Resources Commission State Office Building Hartford 15, Connecticut

Re: Our File 57-73-68
Bradley Hubbard Reservoir
Meriden, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Sander:

In accordance with your instructions of May 3, 1965, I made an inspection of the referenced dam on June 10th and found that it is in substantially good condition. There is some minor leakage noted around the spillway which appears to be due to the need of pointing of joints below the large sandstone capstones. This is a matter of routine maintenance only and should not be construed to be of any immediate importance.

The dam itself is about 460' overall consisting of an earthen dike about 100' long on the west end, a center masonry spillway section about 80' in length and 18' high with about a 12 inch freeboard, and two masonry capped abutment sections having concrete cores and earthen slopes, about 180' long on the west of the spillway and about 100' long on the east side, being apparently constructed to act as supplementary additional spillways, with about 12" freeboard to the earth dike on the west end.



In my opinion, this dam is in perfectly safe condition and should not be a cause for concern to any structure immediately downstream.

Very truly yours,

John J. Mozzochi and Associates

Civil Engineers

JJM:hk

B - 14

June 21, 1965

Mr. BeElden A. Philbrook
U. S. Department of Ajriculture
Soil Conservation Service
Old Bookstore Building
Route 195
Storrs, Connecticut

Dear Mr. Philbrook:

Enclosed is a copy of a report free one of our consulting engineers on the present condition of the Bradley Hubbard Reservoir in Meriden. He. John Chrry of this office asked me to send you this copy in connection with the flood control project deservations.

We trust that this information will be of value to you.

Very truly yours,

William P. Sandar Engineer - Gandering

WIS: je

enclosure

BUCK & BUCK

ENGINEERS

98 WADS'L ORTH STREET, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106

JAMES A. TROMPROM HOBINSON W. MUCK LAWMENCH F. BUCK

HENRY WOLCOM BUCK 1931-1965 BOREMACH D. BUCK 1985-1980

COMM. 5713-76

April 26, 1973

Mr. Victor Galgowski, Department of Environmental Protection, Water Resources Division, State Office Building, Hartford, Connecticut 06106

Re:

Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam

Meriden

Dear Vic:

We inspected the subject dam on April 12th, and found the cap stones in need of pointing. Leakage through the dam, under the cap stones is beginning to errode the downstream earthen face of the dam. We also noted woodchuck holes on the downstream slope. These holes should be plugged and the woodchucks eradicated.

The repointing of the cap stones should be done from the upstream side and it may have to include complete rebedding of some stones. All of this work may be considered ordinary maintenance that does not require a permit. I suggest that the owner notify your office when the work is being done so that you can make a follow-up inspection.

Sincerely,

BUCK & BUCK

James A. Thompson

JAT: fb

WATER & RELATED RESOURCES RECEIVED

MAY 3 1973

ANSVI
REFERRED

R-16

10 May 1973

The Honorable Abraham G. Grossman City Hall Meriden, Connecticut 06450

Re: Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dem Meriden

Dear Mayor Grossman:

A recent inspection, by one of our consultants, has indicated the need for some maintenance work on the subject dam.

In general, the cap stones need to be repointed from the upstream side and this may include complete rebedding of some stones. The present condition of the cap stones is allowing leakage through the dam and subsequent erosion of the downstream earthen face of the dam. Also noted on the downstream slope are woodchuck holes which should be plugged and the woodchucks eradicated.

The work involved would most likely be considered ordinary maintenance and would not require the issuance of a permit by this office.

Will you please notify this office within two weeks as to your intentions in regard to this matter.

Very truly yours,

Victor F. Gelgowski Supt. of Dam Maintenance Water & Related Resources

VFG:ljg



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR MERIDEN, CONNECTICUT 06450

RECEIVED

MAY 1 8 1973

DEPT. DE ENERGHALENEAL PARSECTURE PREMERVATION & CONSEGURATION DIV.

ABRAHAM G. GROSSMAN MAYOR

May 15, 1973

WATER & RELATED RESOURCES RECEIVED

MAY 2 1 1973

ANSWE ___

REFERICED_

FILED....

Dan W. Lufkin, Commissioner Department of Environmental Protection State Office Building Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Re: Bradley Hubbard Reservoir Dam - Meriden

Dear Commissioner Lufkin:

I am in receipt of your transmittal of May 10, 1973 in which you indicate that a recent inspection was made by one of your consultants relative to the subject matter.

Could you please furnish this office with the name of the consultant and his complete report so that we may make a determination as to the condition of the Dam, the extent of his recommendations relative to the work to be accomplished and any recommendations you have for carrying out the work.

The generalities which you point out in your communication cannot form a basis for the course of action that must be taken by the City of Meriden.

Upon receipt of the information requested herein, I will transmit such information to the Board of Public Works for their considerations.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Very truly yours.

Abraham G. Grossman

Mayor

FSN: cag

B-18

cc: Public Works Dept.



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR MERIDEN. CONNECTICUT 06450

July 8, 1974



Douglas M. Costle, Commissioner Department of Environmental Protection State Office Building Hartford, Connecticut 06115

Re: Crescent Lake (Bradley and Hubbard Reservoir Dam) - Meriden

Dear Commissioner:

JOHN D. QUINE

MAYOR

Please be advised that a transmittal dated May 15; 1973 from former Mayor Abraham G. Grossman to former Commissioner Lufkin has gone unanswered.

The generalities pointed out in the letter cannot form an organized basis for a course of action. Would you please furnish the City of Meriden with the following:

- l. The name of the consultant who inspected the dam.
- 2. A complete report of the consultant's inspection and recommendations.
- 3. Please advise me if you are prepared to pay the cost for an engineering inspection of the dam.
- Please advise me if you are prepared to pay for the cost of the design services.
- Please advise me if you have any programs by which financia and technical assistance is available to make the inspectio prepare the necessary engineering documents for repair and to pay for the repairs as necessary.

It is noted in your transmittal of May 10, 1973, that the woodchuck holes should be plugged and the woodchucks eradicated Please send me the proper procedure for plugging the wood-chuck holes and eradicating the woodchucks.

Upon receipt of the information requested herein, I shall transmit such information to the Board of Public Works for their action.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Very truly yours

John D. Quine Mayor

JDQ:cg:N

cc: Victor Galgowski

Supt. of Dam Maintenance





STATE OF CONNECTICUT

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
STATE OFFICE BUILDING • HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06115

17 July 1974

Honorable John D. Quine City Hall Meriden, CT 06450

Re: Bradley and Hubbard Reservoirs
Meriden

Pear Mayor Quines

Commissioner Costle has directed me to reply to your letter of July 8, 1974 pertaining to the subject dam.

I am enclosing a copy of our consultent's inspection report; also informs tion on woodchuck eradication.

As indicated in my letter of May 10, 1973 to the former mayor, the required work at this site is of a maintenance nature and would not require a construction permit from our office. From the standpoint of a sound dam maintenance program the repairs are warranted.

Responsibility for maintaining dams rests with the owners of such structures. The Department of Environmental Protection does not have available funds to provide financial assistance for this type of work.

Woodeluck infestation of earthen dikes or dams is a matter that can not be treated lightly. Burrows dug into these structures can weaken the structure and lead to failure. Of the enclosed suggested methods for woodehuck eradication, we find gas bombs to be the most effective. I am sure members of your Public Works Department are familiar with this technique. The Wildlife Unit of our department will provide additional information and suggestions if needed. The person to contact is Dennis DeCarli at 566-2841.

After woodchucks have been eliminated from a dam, it is advisable to excavate around the burrows and refill the void with suitable well tamped material. An erosion-preventive cover should be provided for the disturbed surface. An alternate procedure is to fill the burrow with a concrete slurry. The important factor is to seal channels through which water could seep and eventually lead to erosion and failure of the dam.

I sincerely hope that the foregoing information will enable you to take the action necessary to place this structure in satisfactory condition. If you have further questions, please do not hesitate to call.

Very truly yours,

Victor P. Galgoweki Supt. of Dam Maintenance Water & Related Resources Telephone no. 566-7280

VFG:1jg

Paclogure

B-21

APPENDIX C
DETAIL PHOTOGRAPHS

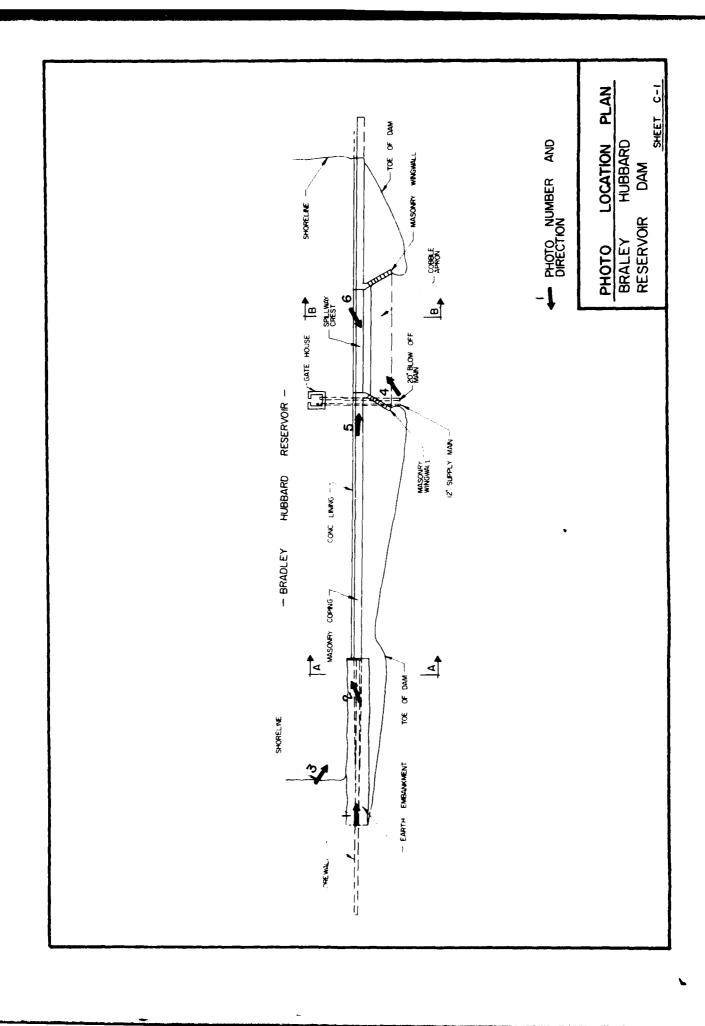




Photo 1 - Top of dam from right abutment. Note lack of protective cover on dike section in foreground (5/12/80)

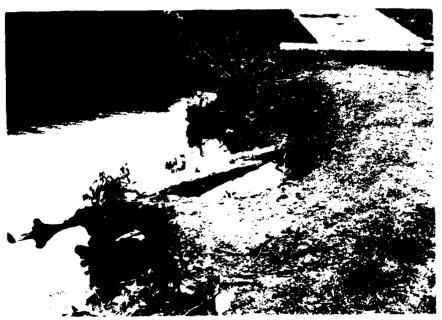


Photo 2 - Upstream embankment of dike section (5/12/80)

US ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND NATIONAL PROGRAM OF CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS

CAHN ENGINEERS INC. WALLINGFORD, CONN. ENGINEER

NATIONAL PROGRAM O INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS Bradley Hubbard Res. Dam Harbor Brook Meriden, CT CE# 27 785 KE

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DATE Aug. '80



Photo 3 - Upstream side of masonry coping and gatehouse



Photo 4 - Stepped masonry spillway wall. Note vegetation in spillway channel and grass growing from masonry joints. (5/12/80)

US ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS

CAHN ENGINEERS INC WALLINGFORD, CONN ENGINEER

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS Bradley Hubbard Res. Dam Harbor Brook Meriden, CT CE# 27 785 KE DATEAug '80 PAGE C-2



Photo 5 - Masonry spillway crest and left end of dam (5/12/80)



Photo 6 - View of spillway discharge channel from spillway crest (5/12/80)

US ARMY ENGINEER DIV. NEW ENGLAND CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS

CAMN ENGINEERS INC. WALLINGFORD, CONN. ENGINEER NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED. DAMS Bradley Hubbard Res. Dam
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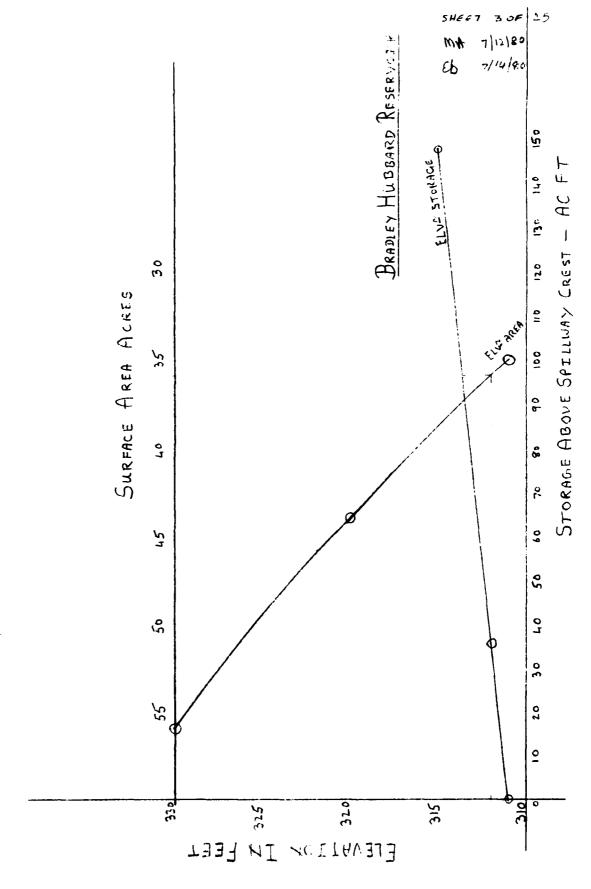
APPENDIX D
HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

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DIKE Q3	Q3 = G = 3 CL	23 + 93 137 H 3/2 137 H 3 165/2 - 6a 5/1 (66 - 60)	C = 2.7 FOR SEC CRIEL = 3/2, L C 2.9 ASS * 12 3/2 EL-3/3	12 - CRESTED = 123 + 91 LILL 1=4 ha = 0 UPT ha H 45	5 (AMREXINA 174) 6 H N3 6 RESE
Dike Q3	Q3 = G = 3 CL 76 USSS DISCHAR	2 L H3/2 737 H 3/2 137 H 3 165/2 ha 5/1 (hb - ho) RECOMMENT	ELSIS - 77 CEL = 311 L C = 2.7 FOR SEC CRICL = 3/2, L C = 2.9 ASS ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	LIESTED LIE	6 (APPROXING TRA) 6 273 6 1372 8 13 5 7
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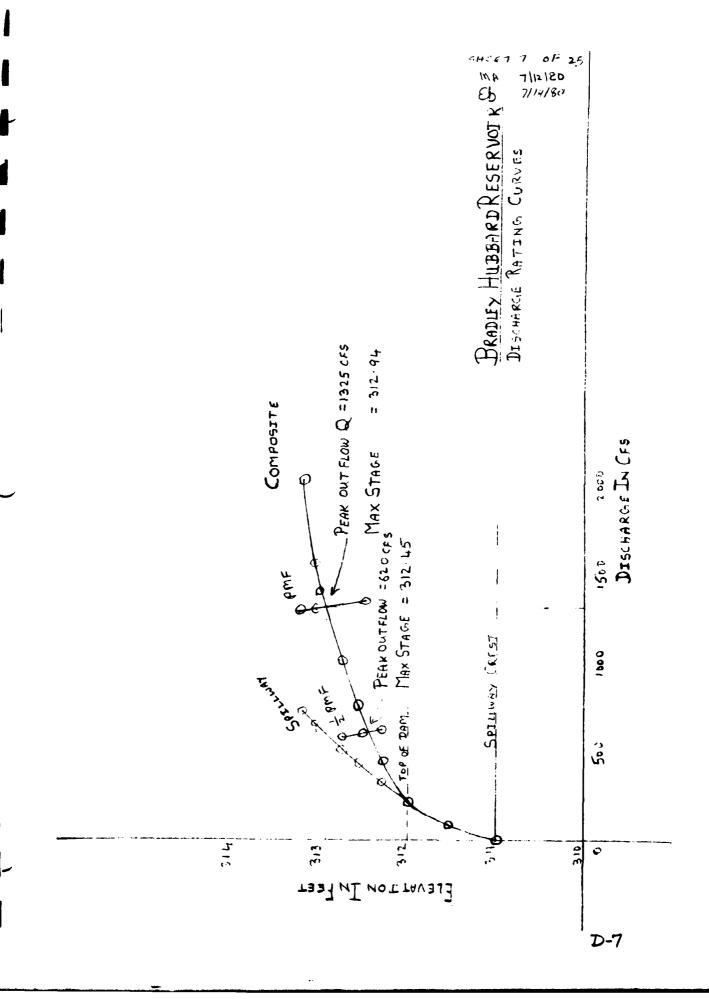
DIVERSIFIED TECHNOLOGIES CORP. CONSULTING ENGINEERS

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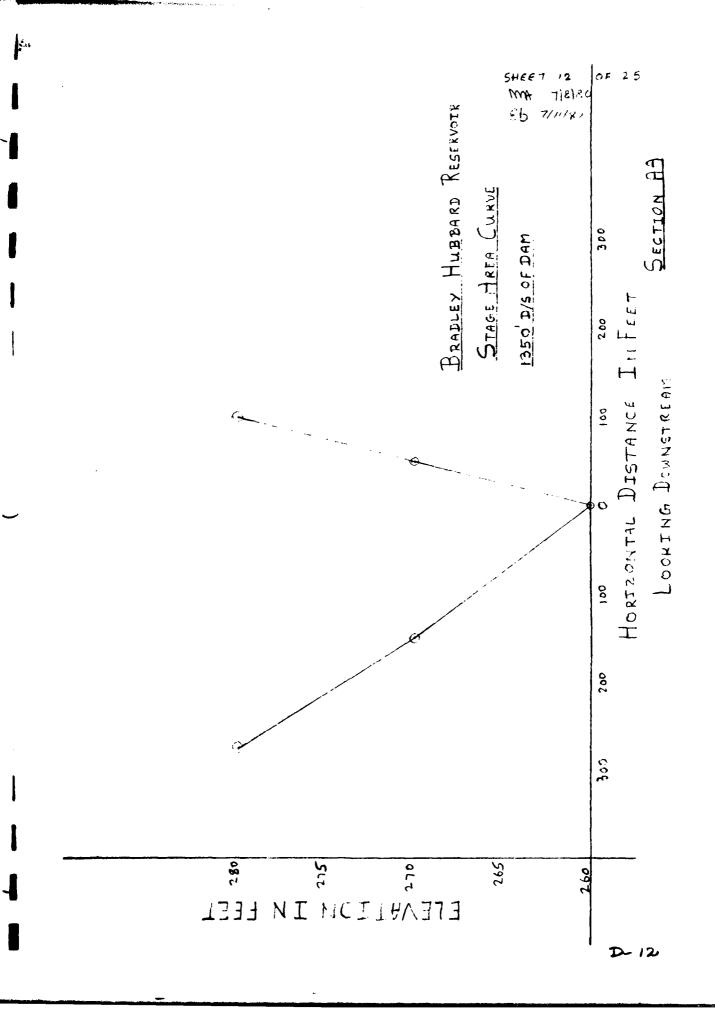
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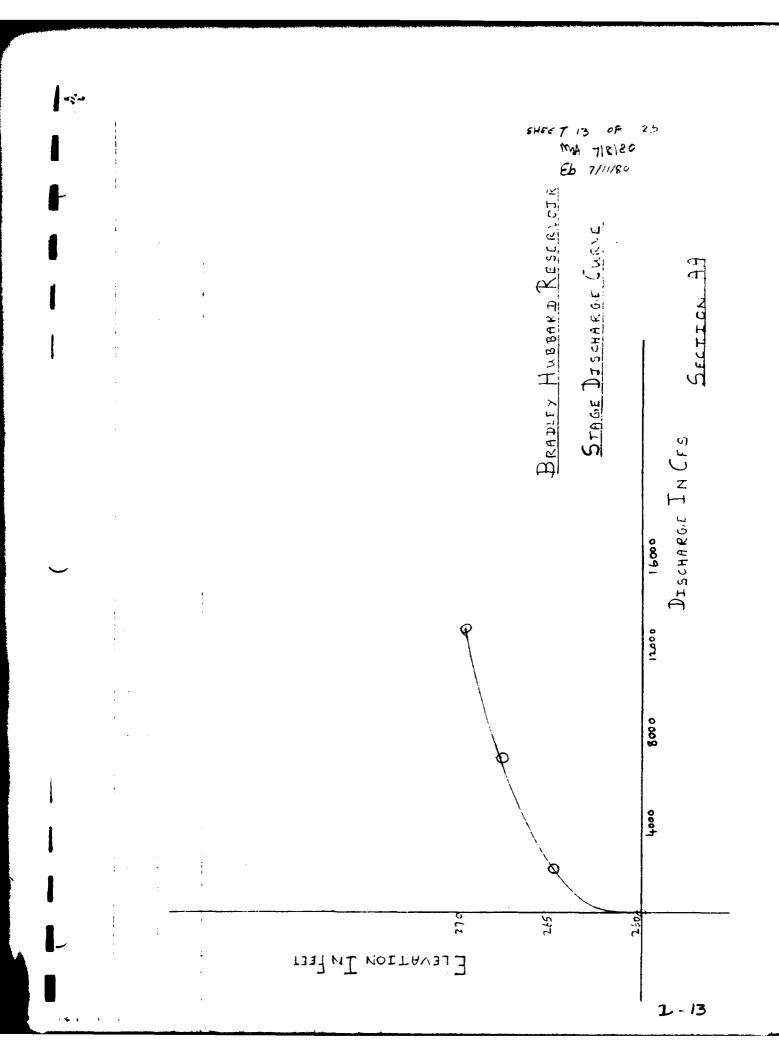
PROJECT	NON	FEDERAL	DAM IN	SPECTION	PROJECT NO	80-10-16	SHEET 10 OF 25
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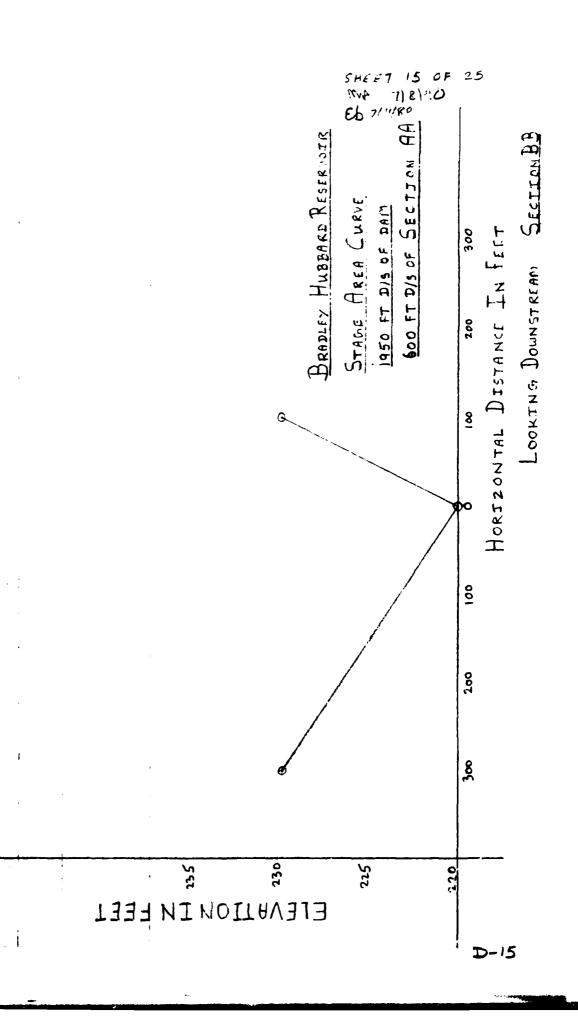
CONSULTING ENGINEERS NORTH HAVEN, CONN.

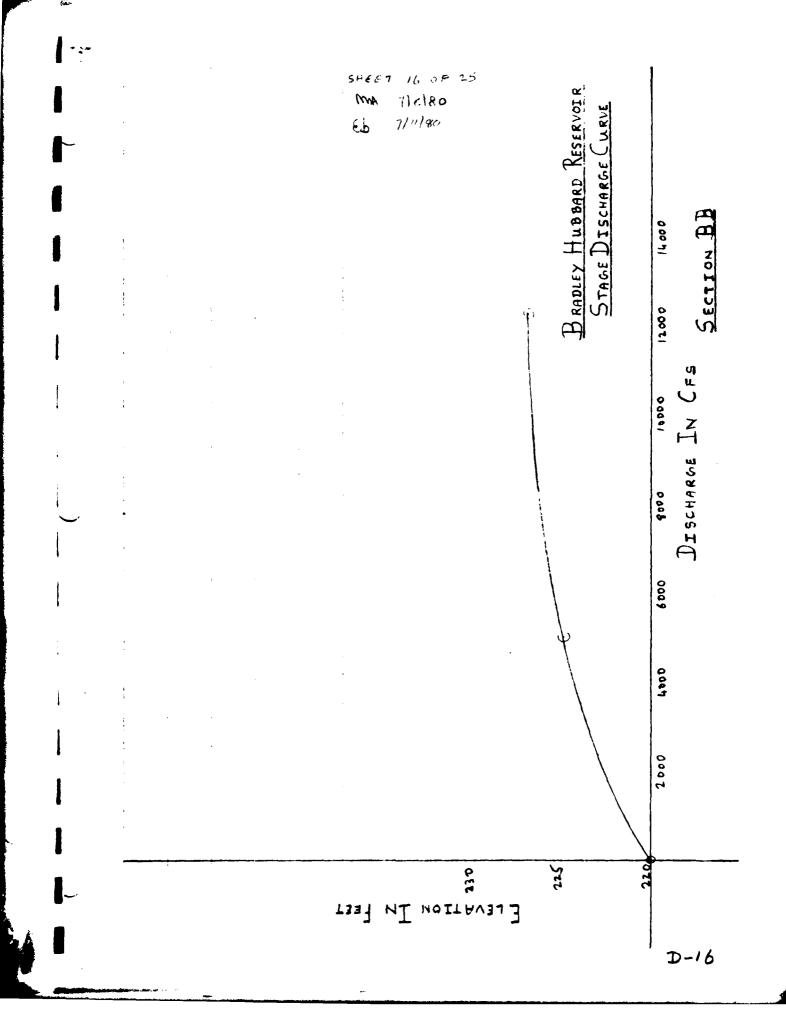
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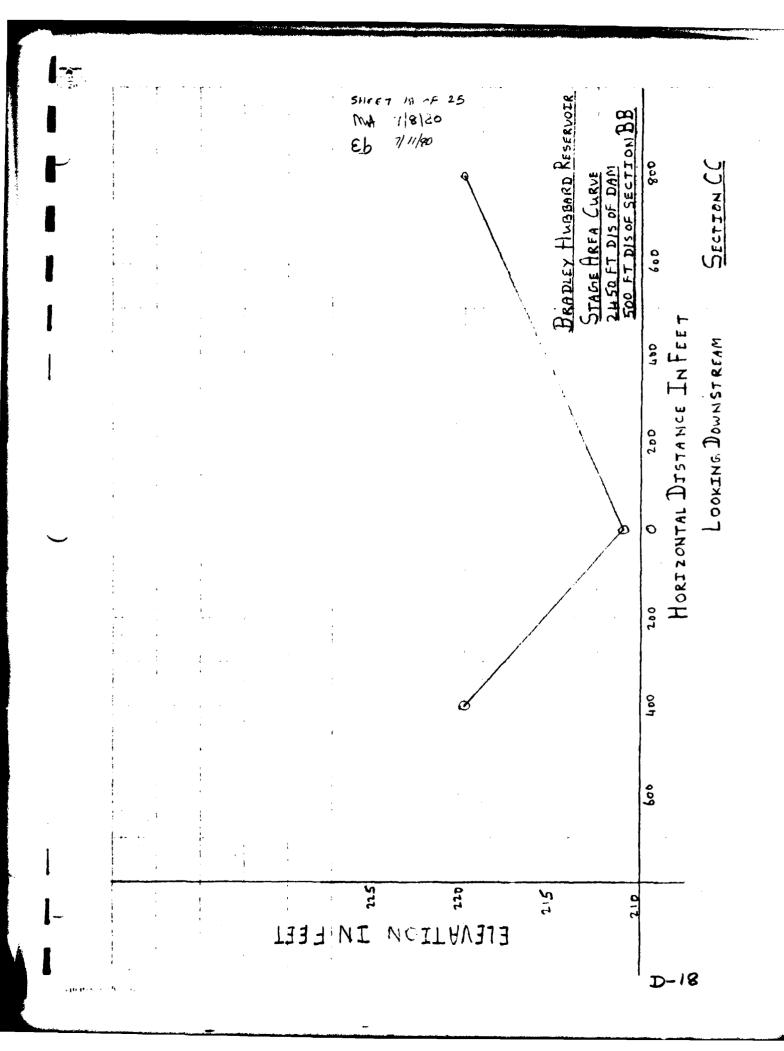


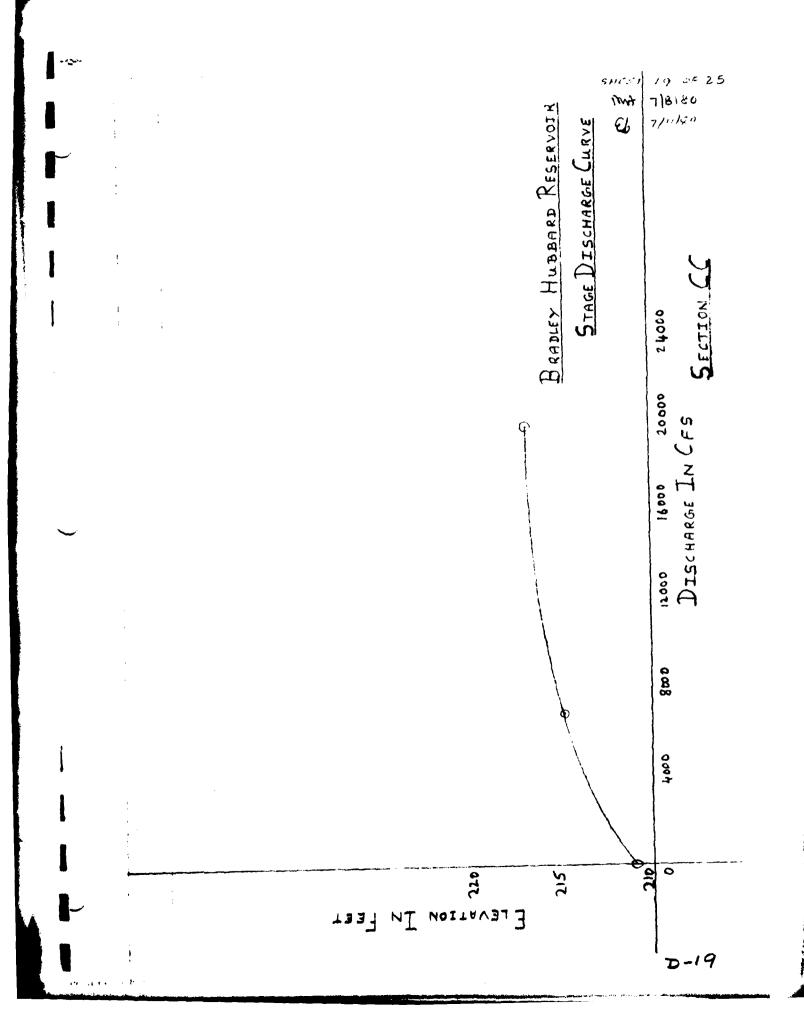
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FOR 9400 C	FS JELVN (471 550 = 12	- 276.17.	ANL A	Raf A + 8°	94000 71 sa F1
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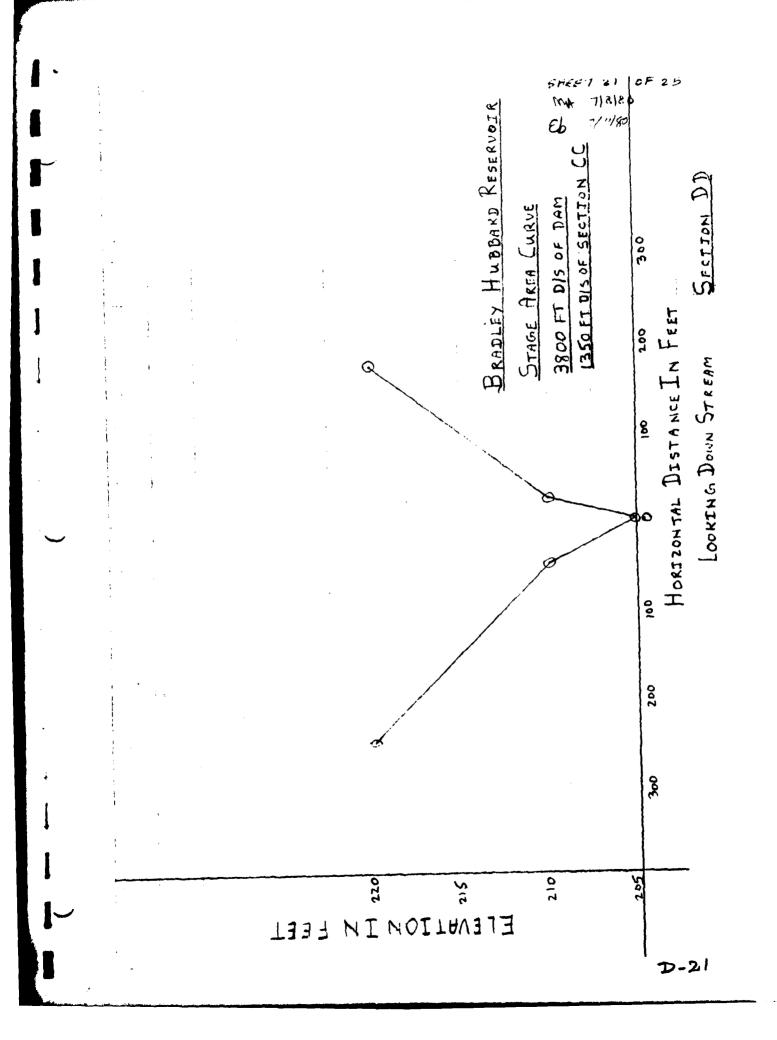


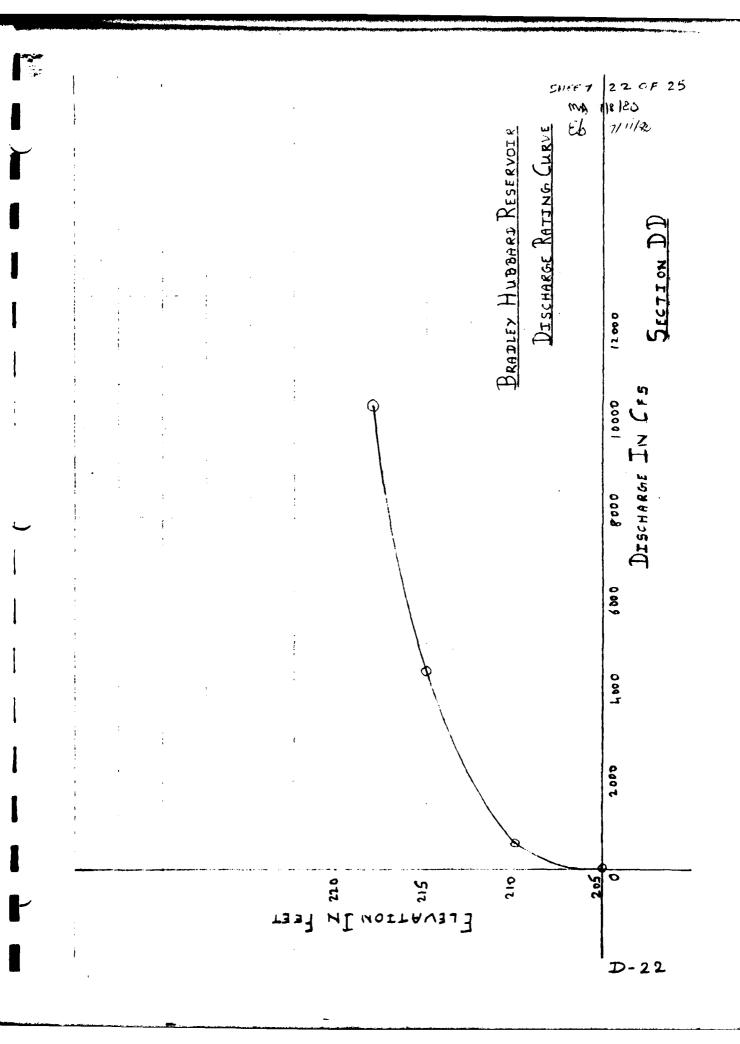
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7RIAL Q P2 Q F, (1- VI) : 9400 (1- FOR 8,400 CFS - ELVIN V2 = 500 × F3 43.560	$186 - 13$ $\frac{18}{174}$ $\frac{18}{174}$ $\frac{18}{174}$	412 - 1 3.46 And 16 Ac	ACIFT. THE ACIF	1 1352 SQ F1
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	215			4.00		4500
	218	1908	351	5.36	3.06	10,500
FO:	K SP/ 20 OLUMA OF	AND STAGE TO BE STAGE TO PEACH SOLD TO BE TO A CHING	5: 11 = 350 ×17 4 30 50	= 217·4 / 100 = 53	ACET	=1700 \$4
F0. V:	K & PI = COLUME OF	BIJCO CFS. REACH = 1	550 XII 450 XII 5 174-	$\begin{array}{rcl} & 217.4 & 100 & = 53 \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & &$	ACLET	-1700°4 -4-1.
50. TI	K & Pr = 1 BLOME OF BORAGE 1 RIAL Q P. RIBIEOO C	BICCO CFS. REACH = 1 TEIMAINING Q M (1- TFS. EZVE	215.8	$ \begin{array}{rcl} & 217.4 & & \\ 100 & & & 53 \\ \hline & 18 + 16 & & \\ \hline & 2.50 & & \\ \hline & AND & AR. \end{array} $	$\frac{637}{157} = 5$	+1.
10. V: 5 T:	K = P; = P CLOME OF CORAGE 1 KIAL Q P; R = 5 / E O O C V;	REACH = 1	215.8	217.4 A 100 = 53 18 +16 2.500 (1- 3 & AC.)	$\frac{63}{157} = 5$	1700 sq 1-1. 5.600cfs
10. V: 5 T:	K = P; = P CLOME OF CORAGE 1 KIAL Q P; R = 5 / E O O C V;	REACH = 1	215.8	217.4 A 100 = 53 18 +16 2.500 (1- 3 & AC.)	$\frac{63}{157} = 5$	1700 4 1-1. 5.600cfs
100 V	REPLETON OF TORAGE 1 KIAL G. P. KIAL G. P. COMPUL.	BISCO CFS. REACH = 1 TEIMAINING GH (1- TFS - EZVE 1350 × 12	215.8 215.8 215.8	217.4 A 100 = 53 18 +16 2.500 (1- 3 & AC.)	$\frac{63}{157} = 5$	1700 4 1-1. 5.600cfs
FOI VI S TI FOI Ar	REPLOSE TO FLOG.	3.500 CFS. REACH = 1 TEIMAINING Q M (1- TFS. ELVE 1250× 12 11256 NO. Q P2 D =1A62 (COD MAI. IN	215.8 215.8 215.8 216 217 217 217 217 217 217 217	217.4 A 100 = 53 18 +16 8.500 (1- 2 8 AC.) 6 (1-23+ 17011 VI	$\frac{53}{157} = \frac{5}{7}$	1700 cm
FOI VI S TI FOI Ar	REPLOSE TO FLOG.	3.500 CFS. REACH = 1 TEIMAINING Q M (1- TFS. ELVE 1250× 12 11256 NO. Q P2 D =1A62 (COD MAI. IN	215.8 215.8 215.8 216 217 217 217 217 217 217 217	217.4 A 100 = 53 18 +16 8.500 (1- 2 8 AC.) 6 (1-23+ 17011 VI	$\frac{53}{157} = \frac{5}{7}$	1700 cm
FOI VI S TI FOI Ar	REPLOSE TO FLOG.	3.300 CFS. REACH = 1 TEINAINING Q M (1- TES. ELVE 1250 × 12 11256 NO. Q P2 D =1A62	215.8 215.8 215.8 216 217 217 217 217 217 217 217	217.4 A 100 = 53 18 +16 8.500 (1- 2 8 AC.) 6 (1-23+ 17011 VI	$\frac{53}{157} = \frac{5}{7}$	1700 cm





PROJECT	NON FED	ERAL DAM	INSPECTION	PROJECT NO	80-10	-16 SHEET 23 OF 25
	NEW ENG	LAND DIV	ISION	_COMPUTED BY	MA	DATE 7111/40
	BRADLEY	HUBBARD	RES. DAM	_CHECKED BY	راع	DATE 7/ 11/80
						1
						•

FAILURE HAZARD POTERTIAL SUMMARY OF BREACH ANALYSIS RESULTS

1	ne 411011	DISTANCE FROM	PEAK FLOW	FLOOD STACE	FLC: D DEPTH	VELCCITY	STERMINE VOL
i		WAM . FT	RAYE CFS		F7.	Frs	REMAINING ACIPI.
	3 5.439	C,	11.700	302.5	7		216
:	AA	1350	10.100	269.6	9.6	11	186
	BB	1950	9.400	226.6	6.6	11	174
	CC	2 450	8 500	215.5	4 · 5	6	157
į.	PD	3800	6,000	216	11	5	1/2

A FLOOD OF THIS MAGNITUDE WOULD IMPACT GEORGE
HUNTER STATE TOURSE. AT LEAST TWO HOMES, WESTFRED

R. ALL AND THREE CULVERTS DENIES TAMM THE.

SERVOUSHESS F THE IMPACT IS DISCUSSED BEADING
THE DETTH ST FLOOD WATER AT DAM LATRUSE IS ESTIMATED.

TO BE IN THE KANGE OF 15T TO 9.6 FT SETWEEN THE SAM
AND SECTION SA 1350 FT. DOWNSTREAM WITH VELOCITIES

IN THE 11T TPS RANGE, AND WOULD THEREFORE DAMAGE
THE CULVERT LOCATED 400T FT. BELOW THE DAM AT AN

ACCESS ROAD TO THE DAM SITE AS WELL AS INVIDATE

WEST TIELD STATED.

SECTION BY IS TAKEN AT THE EASTERN EDGE OF THE GOLF COURSE AUTHORIST TO A CULVERY, AT THIS SECTION THE FLOOD DEPTH IS ESTIMATED TO BE 6.6 FT WITH A VELOCITY OF IT IF PS; HENCE THE CULVERY AND THE ROAD LOUD BE DAMABED.

SECTION CO IS THREN AT THE CENTER OF THE CALF CLASSE.

WHERE THE FLOOD DEPTH IS ESTIMATED TO BE 400 FOLD

WITH A VELOCITY OF 6 IPS AND AT SECTION DD TAKEN

100 FT FRONT THE SOUTHERN EDGE OF THE GOLF COURSE

AUGMENT TO A HAVE ON WESTFIELD ROAD, THE FUED

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION COMPUTED BY TWA	OATEIII
BRADLEY HUBBARD RES. DAM CHECKED BY E'	DATE7/11/2
DAPTH IS ESTIMATED TO BE 11FT WITH ALL	LOCITY OF SFR
THUS, A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF THE GOLF CO	•
INUNDATED WITH FLOOD WATER THIS HETIVE O	SCHE COURSE 13
CONSIDERED AS INITIAL IMPACT AREA.	
THE HOUSE NORTH OF WESTFIELD RD. AND AT	MACENT TO SECT
DD HAS A 1ST FLOOR ELEVATION OFT. 6 T FT A	BOVE CHANNEL
BED AND THEREFORE WOULD BE INUNDATED W	174 3.4 Fi. CF
WATER. SIMILARLY, THE HOUSE LOCATED SOUTH	OF WEST FIELD
WOULD BE INUNDATED WITH 2.2 FT. 6	
IT'S 157 FLOOR ELEVATION IS 8 8 FT AB	SOVE CHANNEL
BED. IN ADDITION A PORTION OF WEST	
WOULD BE INUNDATED WITH 2.5 FT. OF	
TWO HOMES AND WESTFIELD RD. ARE CO	ns I Dered
SECONDARY IMPACT AKEA.	
AT THE END OF FLOOD ROUTING ANALYSIS	•
STENDE VOLUME IS REMAINING AND ONLY	
THE TOTAL STORAGE VOLUME HAS BEEN	
THUS, THE REACH FURTHER DOWNSTREAM	
BALDWITT'S FOND COULD BE IMPACTED	
SUGGESTED THAT THIS POTENTIAL IMP	
INVESTIGATION.	
114 16211000 11014	
BASED ON THE ABOVE HUALYSIS, A 1	AZARD
PRIZER TIAL OF HIGH MIGHTUDE IS	
	•
2.3 3	
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	D-24

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION COMPUTED BY MA	DA1	E 7/14/80
BRADLEY HUBBARD RES. DAM CHECKED BY 66		E 7/15/80
SUMMARY + HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS	· •	
TEST FLOOD PEAK INFLOW PMF	1500	CES
(PARALLEL COMPUTATIONS HAVE BEEN PERFORMED FOR APME		
PEAK INFLOW AND RESULTS ARE SUMMARIZED BELOW)	:	
PERFORMANCE AT PEAK FLOOD CONDITIONS:	PMF	3PMF
PEAK INFLOWS CFS	1500	750
PEAK OUTFLOWS CPS	1325	620
SPILL.CAP. TO TOP OF DAM (EL.312 NGVD) CFS	223	223
SPILL.CAP. TO TOP OF DAM % OF PEAK OUTFLOW	17	36
SPILL, CAP. TO PEAK FLOOD ELEVN. CFS	604	390
SPILL. CAP. TO PEAK FLOOD ELVN. % OF PEAK OUTFLOW	46	63
PERFORMANCE:		
MAXIMUM POOL ELEVN NGVD	312.94	312.45
MAX. SURCHARGE HEIGHT ABOVE SPILL. CREST FT.	1.94	1.45
DAM OVERTOPPED FT.	0.94	0.45
DOWNSTREAM FAILURE CONDITIONS:	,	
PEAK FAILURE OUTFLOW CFS	11	7.00
FLOOD DEPTH IMMEDIATELY D/S FROM DAM		7 FT
CONDITIONS AT THE INITIAL IMPACT AREA (MIDDLE OF GO	LF COURSE	AT CC)
THE CONDITIONS VARY FROM SECTION BB TO SECTION DD.		
ESTIMATED STAGE BLFORE FAILURE WITH 223 CFS		211.2NG
ESTIMATED STAGE AFTER FAILURE WITH 8,500 CFS		215.5NG
ESTIMATED RAISE IN STAGE AFTER FAILURE Δ Y ₁		4.3FT
CONDITIONS AT THE SECONDARY IMPACT AREA:		•
ESTIMATED STAGE BEFORE FAILURE WITH 223 CFS (AT SEC	TION DD.)	208.1 _{NG}
ESTIMATED STAGE AFTER FAILURE WITH 6000 CFS		216. NG
ESTIMATED RAISE IN STAGE AFTER FAILURE \$\Delta Y_2\$		7.9FT

PRELIMINARY GUIDANCE

FOR ESTIMATING

MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCLARGES

IN

PHASE I DAM SAFETY

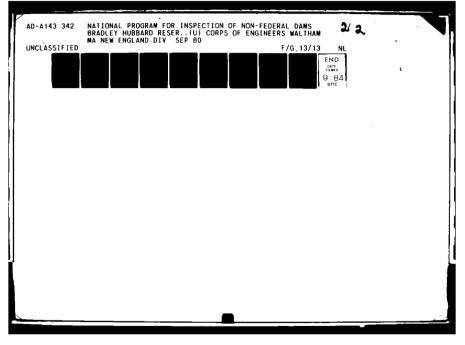
INVESTIGATIONS

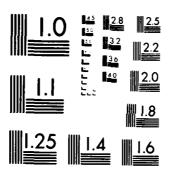
New England Division Corps of Engineers

March 1978

MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOOD INFLOWS NED RESERVOIRS

	Project	(cfs)	(sq. mi.)	cfs/sq. mi.
ı.	Hall Meadow Brook	26,600	17.2	1,546
2.	East Branch	15,500	9.25	1,675
3.	Thomaston	158,000	97.2	1,625
4.	Northfield Brook	9,000	5.7	1,580
5.	Black Rock	35,000	20.4	1,715
6.	Hancock Brook	20,700	12.0	1,725
7.	Hop Brook	26,400	16.4	1,610
8.	Tully	47,000	50.0	940
9.	Barre Falls	61,000	55.0	1,109
10.	Conant Brook	11,900	7.8	1,525
11.	Knightville	160,000	162.0	987
12.	Littleville	98,000	52.3	1,870
13.	Colebrook River	165,000	118.0	1,400
14.	Mad River	30,000	18.2	1,650
15.	Sucker Brook	6,500	3.43	1,895
16.	Union Village	110,000	126.0	873
17.	North Hartland	199,000	220.0	904
18.	North Springfield	157,000	158.0	994
19.	Ball Mountain	190,000	172.0	1,105
20.	Townshend	228,000	106.0(278 tota	1) 820
21.	Surry Mountain	63,000	100.0	630
22.	Otter Brook	45,000	47.0	957
23.	Birch Hill	88,500	175.0	505
24.	East Brimfield	73,900	67.5	1,095
25.	Westville	38,400	99.5 (32 net)	1,200
26.	West Thompson	85,000	173.5(74 net)	1,150
27.	Hodges Village	35,600	31.1	1,145
28.	Buffumville	36,500	26.5	1,377
29.	Mansfield Hollow	125,000	159.0	786
30.	West Hill	26,0 00	28.0	928
31.	Franklin Falls	210,000	1000.0	210
32.	Blackwater	66,500	128.0	520
33.	Hopkinton	135,000	426.0	316
34.	Everett	68,000	64.0	1,062
35.	MacDowell	36,300	44.0	825



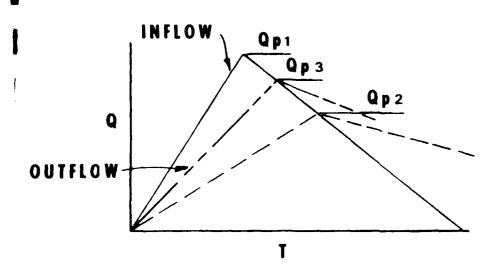


MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

MAXIMUM PROBABLE FLOWS BASED ON TWICE THE STANDARD PROJECT FLOOD (Flat and Coastal Areas)

	River	$\frac{SPF}{(cfs)}$	(sq. mi.)	(cfs/sq. mi.)
1.	Pawtuxet River	19,000	200	190
2.	Mill River (R.I.)	8,500	34	500
3.	Peters River (R.I.)	3,200	13	490
4.	Kettle Brook	8,000	30	530
5.	Sudbury River.	11,700	86	270
6.	Indian Brook (Hopk.)	1,000	5.9	340
7.	Charles River.	6,000	184	65
8.	Blackstone River.	43,000	416	200
9.	Quinebaug River	55,000	331	330

ON MAXIMUM PROBABLE DISCHARGES



STEP 1: Determine Peak Inflow (Qp1) from Guide Curves.

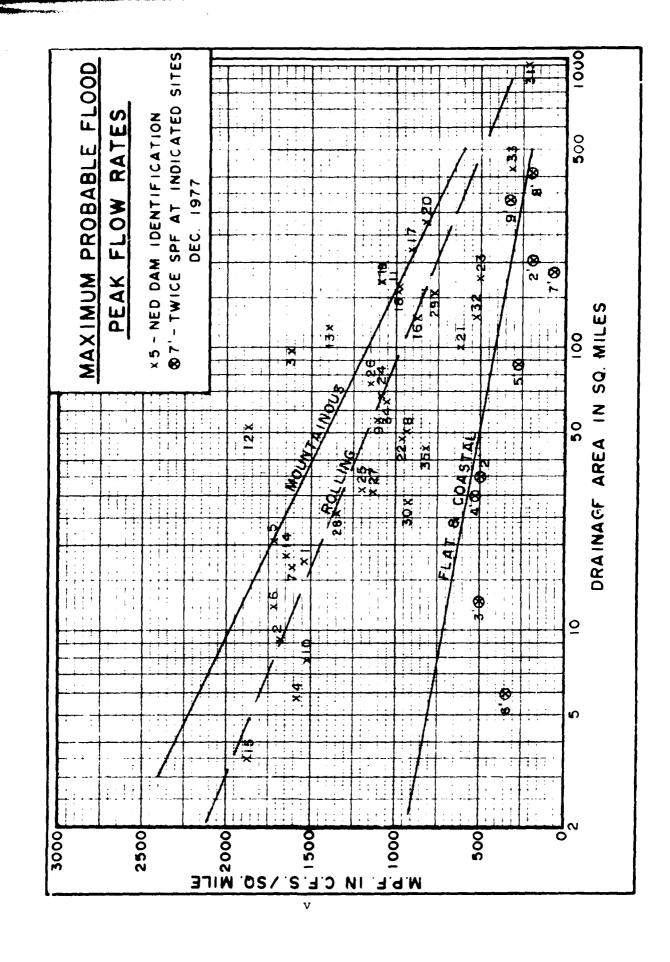
STEP 2: a. Determine Surcharge Height To Pass ''Qp1''.

- b. Determine Volume of Surcharge (STOR1) In Inches of Runoff.
- c. Maximum Probable Flood Runoff In New England equals Approx. 19", Therefore:

$$Qp2 = Qp1 \times \{1 - \frac{STOR1}{19}\}$$

STEP 3: a. Determine Surcharge Height and "STOR2" To Pass "Qp2"

b. Average "STOR₁" and "STOR₂" and Determine Average Surcharge and Resulting Peak Outflow "Qp₃".



SURCHARGE STORAGE ROUTING SUPPLEMENT

- STEP 3: a. Determine Surcharge Height and "STOR2" To Pass "Qp2"
 - b. Avg ''STOR1'' and ''STOR2'' and Compute ''Qp3''.
 - c. If Surcharge Height for Qp3 and "STORAVG" agree O.K. If Not:
- STEP 4: a. Determine Surcharge Height and ''STOR3'' To Pass ''Qp3''
 - b. Avg. "Old STORAVG" and "STOR3" and Compute "Qp4"
 - c. Surcharge Height for Qp4 and "New STOR Avg" should Agree closely

SURCHARGE STORAGE ROUTING ALTERNATE

$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} \times \left(1 - \frac{STOR}{19}\right)$$

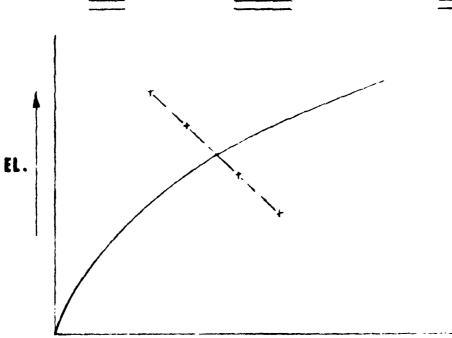
$$Q_{p2} = Q_{p1} - Q_{p1} \left(\frac{STOR}{19} \right)$$

FOR KNOWN Qp1 AND 19" R.O.

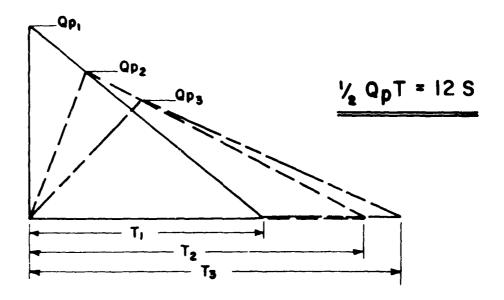
Qp2

STOR

EL.



RULE OF THUMB" GUIDANCE FOR ESTIMATING DOWNSTREAM DAM FAILURE HYDROGRAPHS



STEP 1: DETERMINE OR ESTIMATE RESERVOIR STORAGE (S) IN AC-FT AT TIME OF FAILURE.

STEP 2: DETERMINE PEAK FAILURE OUTFLOW (Q_{01}) .

$$Qp_1 = \frac{8}{27} W_b \sqrt{g} Y_0 \frac{3}{2}$$

Wh = BREACH WIDTH - SUGGEST VALUE NOT GREATER THAN 40% OF DAM LENGTH ACROSS RIVER AT MID HEIGHT.

Yo = TOTAL HEIGHT FROM RIVER BED TO POOL LEVEL AT FAILURE.

STEP 3: USING USGS TOPO OR OTHER DATA, DEVELOP REPRESENTATIVE STAGE-DISCHARGE RATING FOR SELECTED DOWNSTREAM RIVER REACH.

STEP 4: ESTIMATE REACH OUTFLOW (Q_{p2}) USING FOLLOWING ITERATION.

- A. APPLY Q_{pl} TO STAGE RATING, DETERMINE STAGE AND ACCOPMANYING VOLUME (V_1) IN REACH IN AC-FT. (NOTE: IF V_1 EXCEEDS 1/2 OF S, SELECT SHORTER REACH.)
- B. DETERMINE TRIAL Qp2.

 $Qp_2(TRIAL) = Qp_1(1-\frac{V_1}{S})$

- C. COMPUTE V2 USING Qp2 (TRIAL).
- D. AVERAGE V_1 AND V_2 AND COMPUTE Q_{D2} .

 $Qp_2 = Qp_1(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3})$

STEP 5: FOR SUCCEEDING REACHES REPEAT STEPS 3 AND 4.

APRIL 1978

APPENDIX E

INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

NOT AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME

